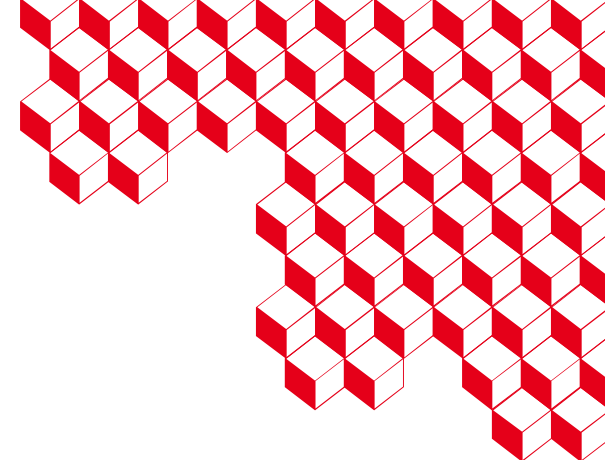




CadTool - a end-to-end x-ray/gamma-ray solid state detector simulation framework

J.F. Sousa¹, A. Meuris², D. Baudin³, H. Allaire^{2, 4}, O. Limousin², R. Le Breton³

¹ Université Paris-Saclay, CEA IRFU, AIM

² Université Paris-Saclay, Université Paris Cité, CEA, CNRS, AIM

³ CEA IRFU, Université Paris Saclay

⁴ Kavli IPMU (WPI), UTIAS, The University of Tokyo

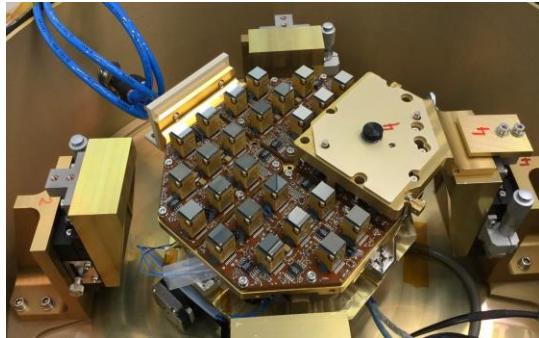


Context

The need of a Simulation Tool

Present
2026

Solar Orbiter / STIX 



PADRE Nanosat 



 M8 Proposals

Future
2030's

SPARK

Solar Physics

~150 keV

CdTe 1 mm

250 μm x 250 μm

PHEMTO

High-Energy Astrophysics

~600 keV

Thick CZT (10 mm)

<300 μm $\Delta x y$ (Laue Lenses
imaging)

Simulation Tool helps with

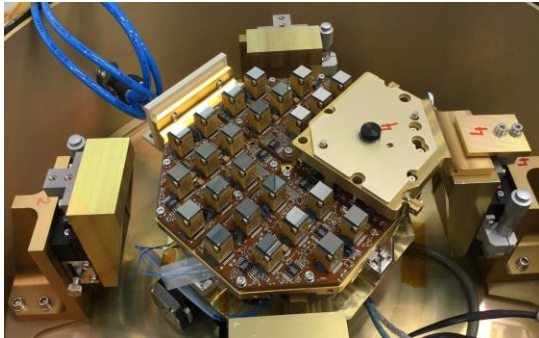
- 1) Understanding detector effects
- 2) Evaluating detector configuration (pixel pattern)
- 3) Design new readout techniques
- 4) Modeling detector response (science)

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- 1) Understanding detector effects
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PhD

Outline

1. Simulation Tool Requirements

Inputs

Physics

Outputs

3. Events List Generator

Monte-Carlo events

Detector Spectra

5. Examples

3D

Transient signals

2. Detector Physics

Geometry and Fields

Charge cloud dynamics

Electrode induced charge

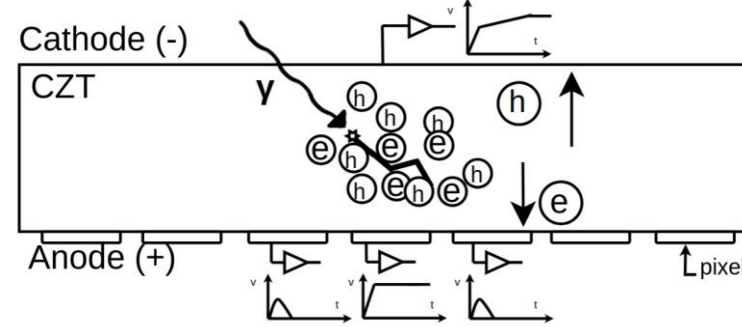
4. Tool Validation

Low Energy

High Energy

Context

Simulation Tool Requirements



Inputs

Detector Parameters

Material, Pixel/Strip, Bias, Mobility, Lifetime, Fano

Environment Geometry

Box, Passive material, collimator, etc

Source Configuration

Geometry, Energy, Intensity

Electronics

ENC, ADC range, Threshold

Detector Physics

Electric Field and Potential

Weighting Potential

Charge Drift

- Trapping
- Diffusion
- Repulsion

Event list generation

Photon-matter interaction

Electrode charge induced

Front-end & Back-end electronics

Outputs

Transient Signals

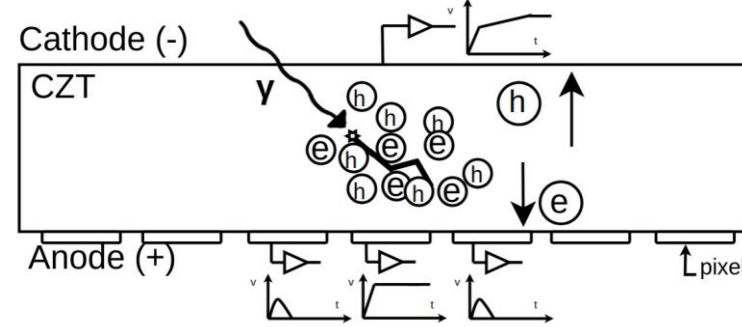
- Charge profile
- Current profile

Data analysis

- images
- spectrum
- lightcurve
- response matrix

Context

Simulation Tool Requirements



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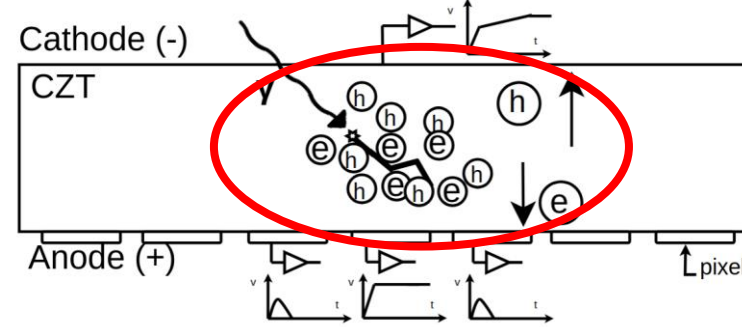
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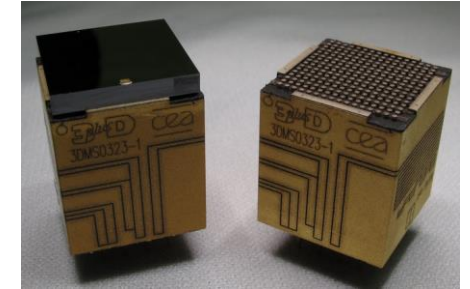
Cadtool

Geometry and Fields

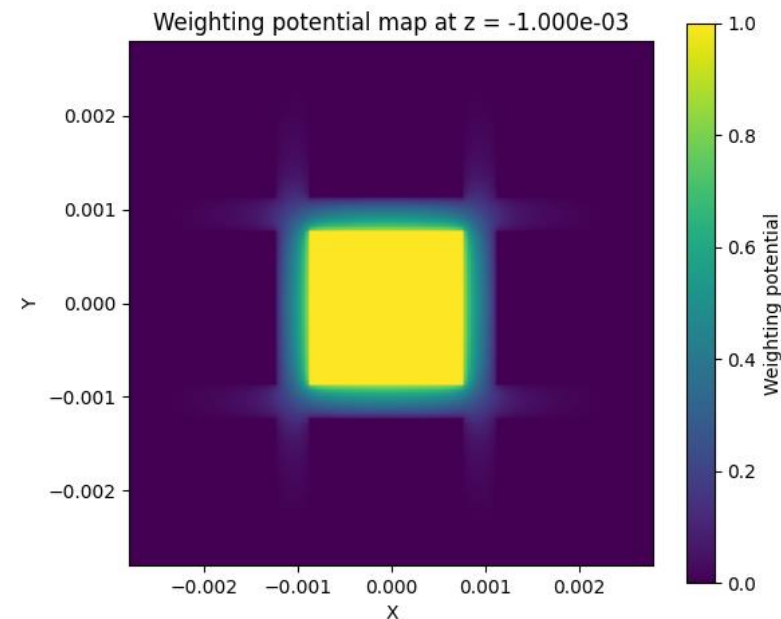
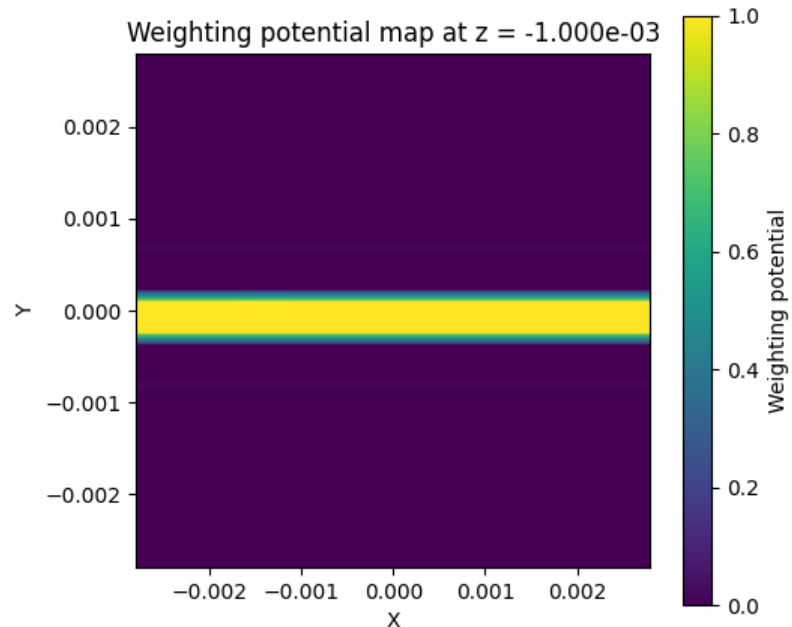
- *solidstatedetectors.jl* library
- Geometry definition: planar, pixel, strip



Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800 μ m



Cadtool

Geometry and Fields

- *solidstatedetectors.jl* library
- Geometry definition: planar, pixel, strip
- Electric field (Poisson FEM)

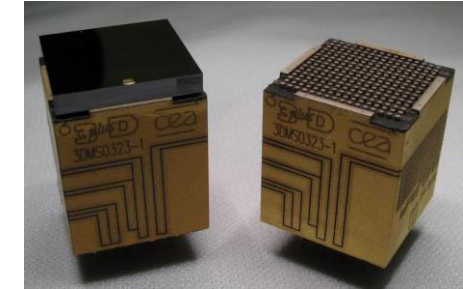
$$\vec{v}_e = -\mu_e \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{v}_h = \mu_h \vec{E}$$

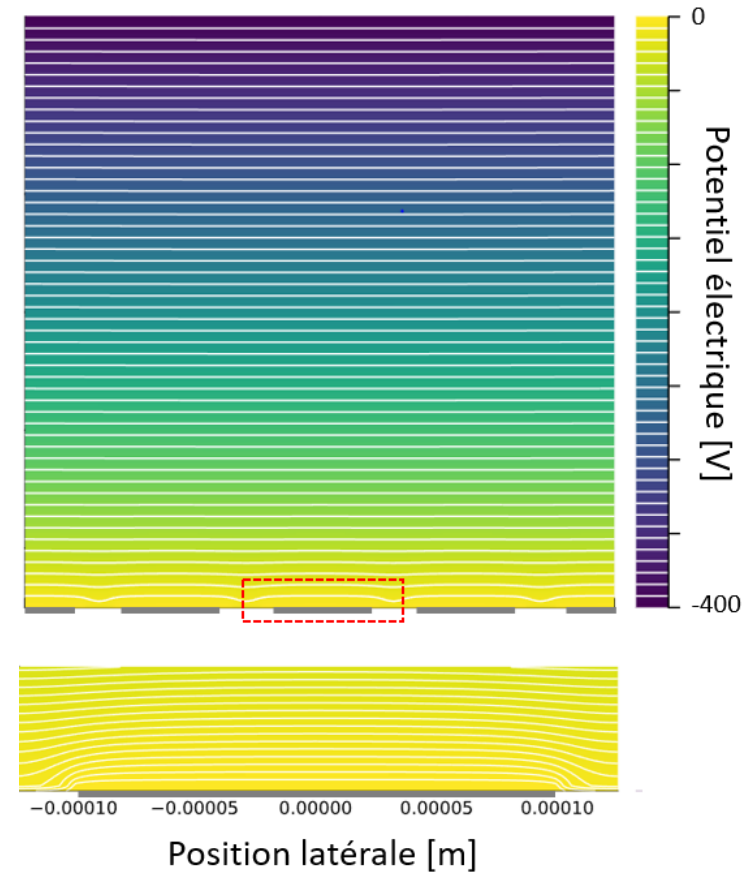
Input for charge
dynamics



Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800µm



Cadtool

Geometry and Fields

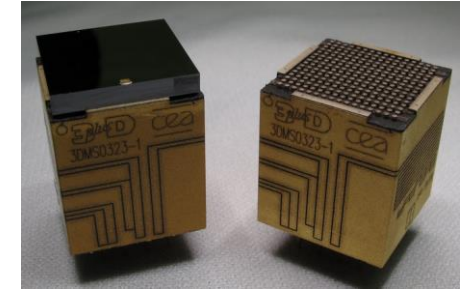
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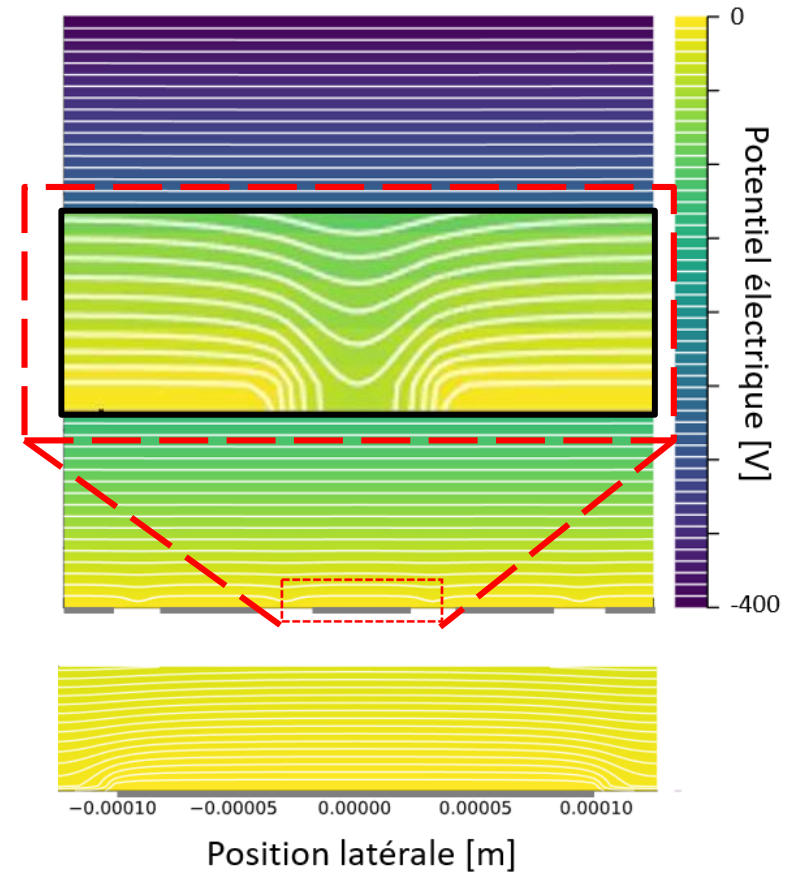
Input for charge
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Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm



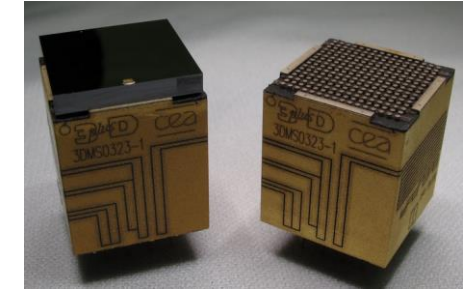
Cadtool

Geometry and Fields

- *solidstatedetectors.jl* library
- Geometry definition: planar, pixel, strip
- Electric field (Poisson FEM)
- Weighting Potential



Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

Shockley-Ramo Theorem

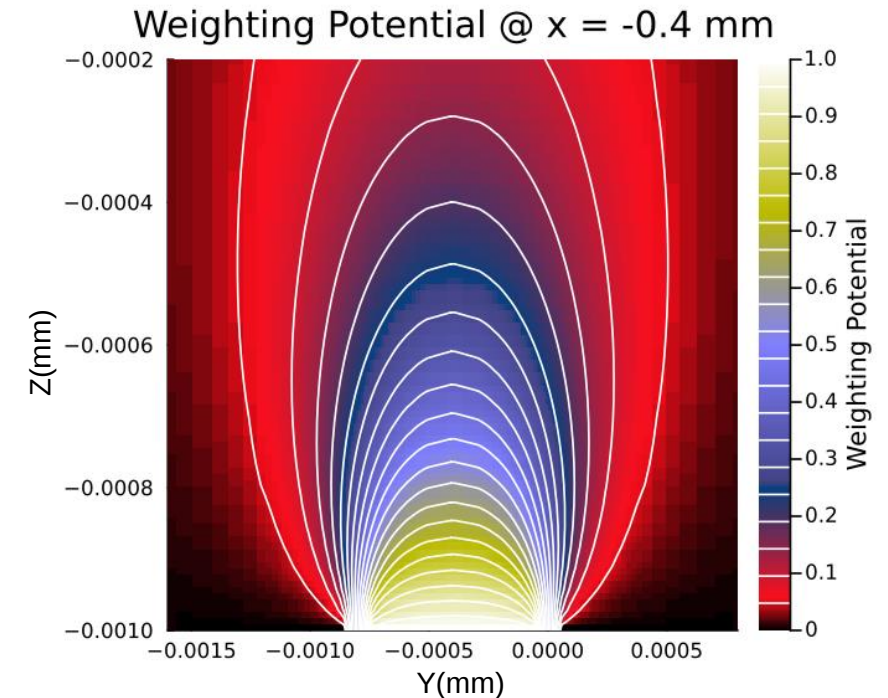
$$E_0 = -\nabla \phi_0(x)$$

$$Q = -q\phi_0(x)$$

Charge at
electrode

Moving
charge

Electrode
Weighting
Potential



Cadtool

Geometry and Fields

- *solidstatedetectors.jl* library
- Geometry definition: planar, pixel, strip
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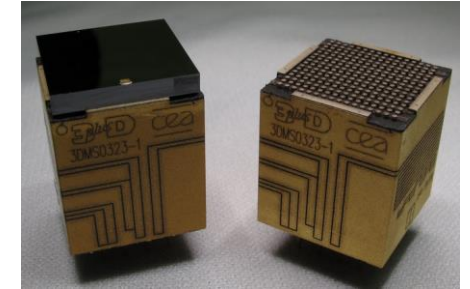
Charge at
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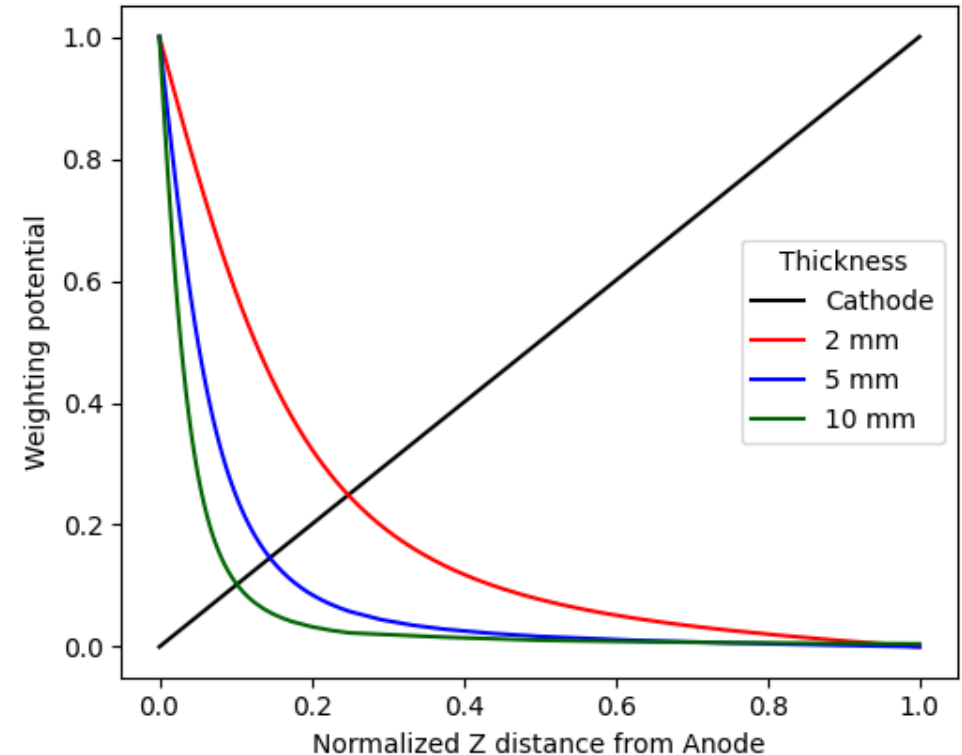
Electrode
Weighting field



Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

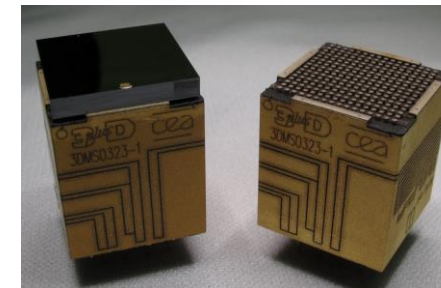


Cadtool

Charge Cloud Dynamics



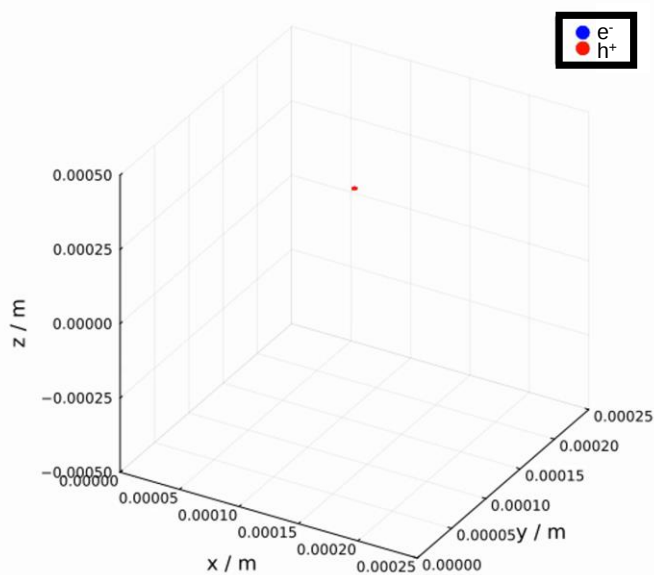
Caliste-O



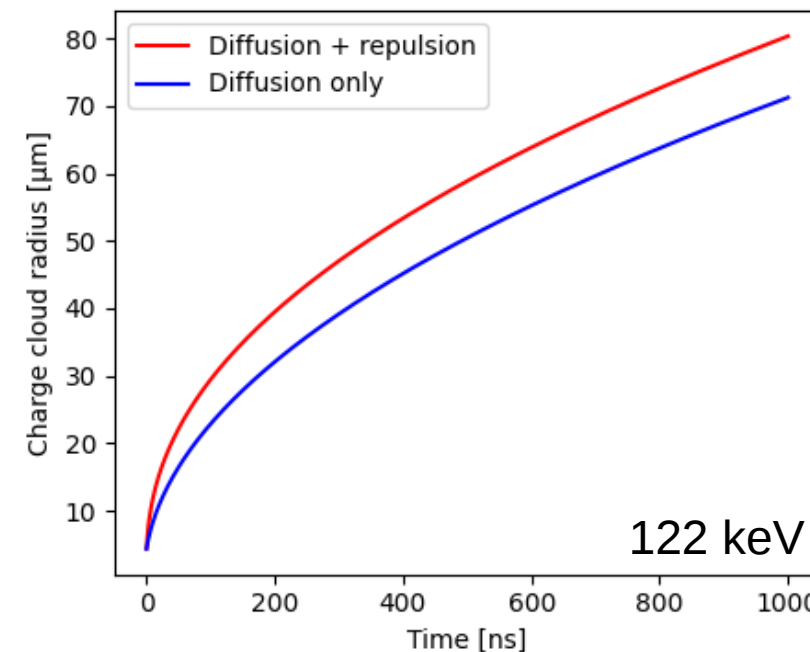
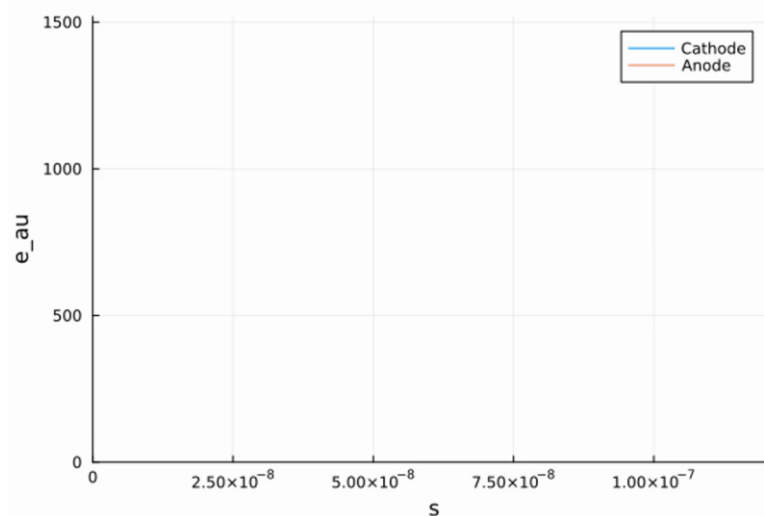
2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

• Charge Drift Model:

- [Benoit & Hamel, 2009] diffusion and repulsion spherical model



Induced charge on electrodes



$$E = 300 \text{ Vmm}^{-1}$$

$$\mu_e = 950 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$\mu_h = 73 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$$

$$T = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$\tau_e = 1.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$$

$$\tau_h = 4.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$$

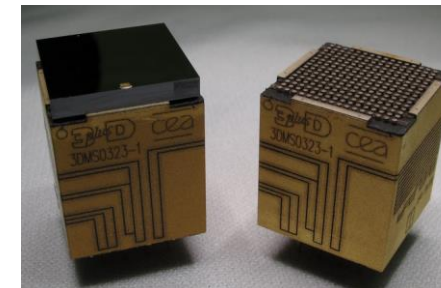
$$\epsilon_{\text{CdTe}} = 4.42 \text{ eV}$$

Cadtool

Charge Cloud Dynamics



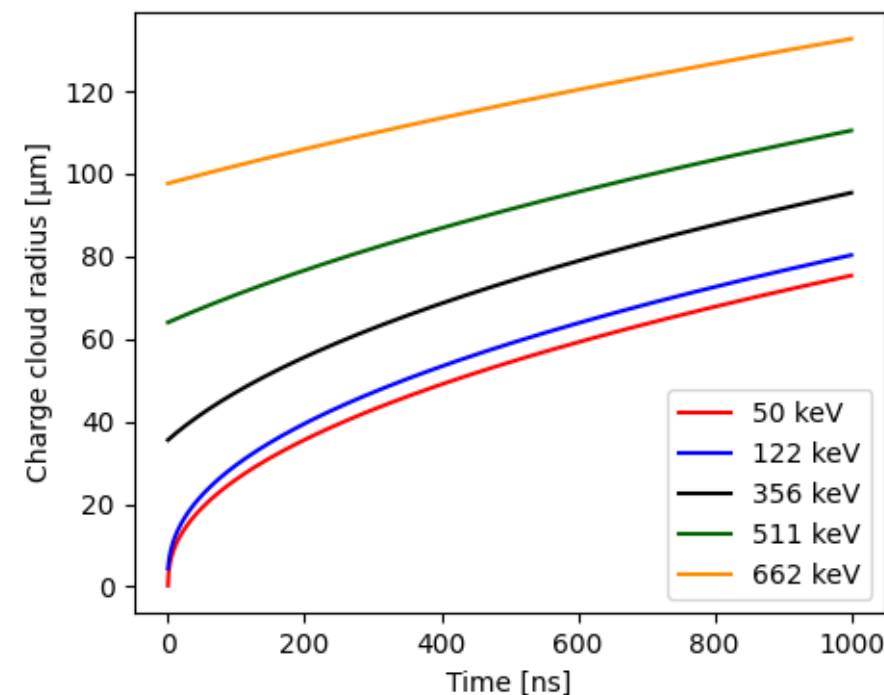
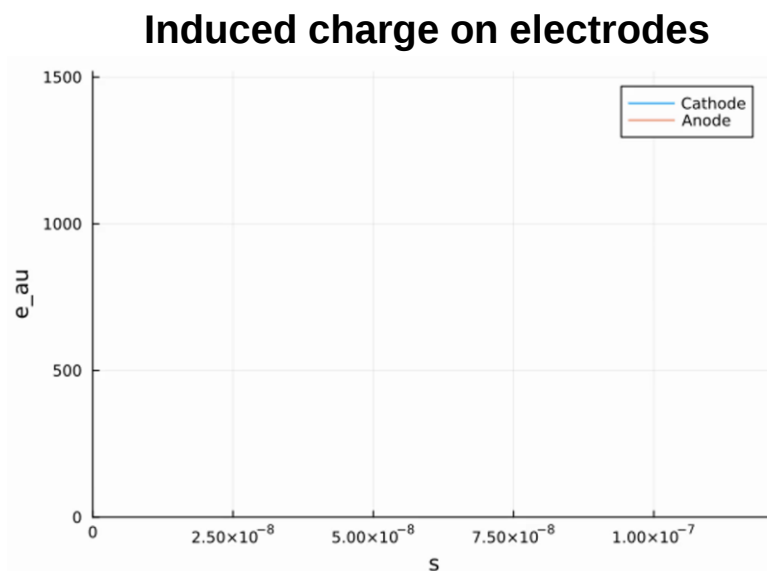
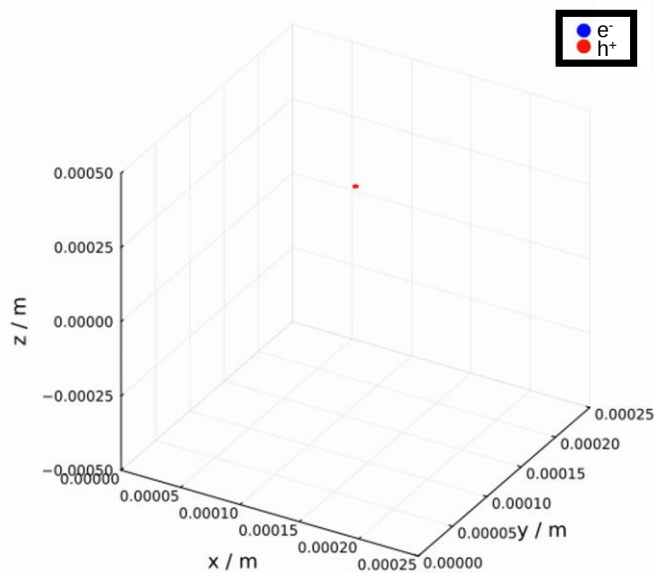
Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800µm

Charge Drift Model:

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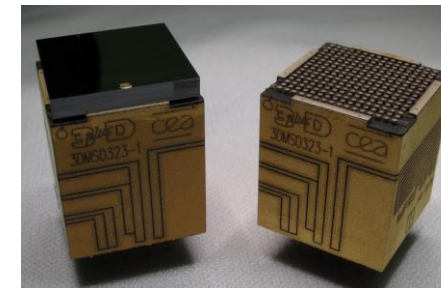
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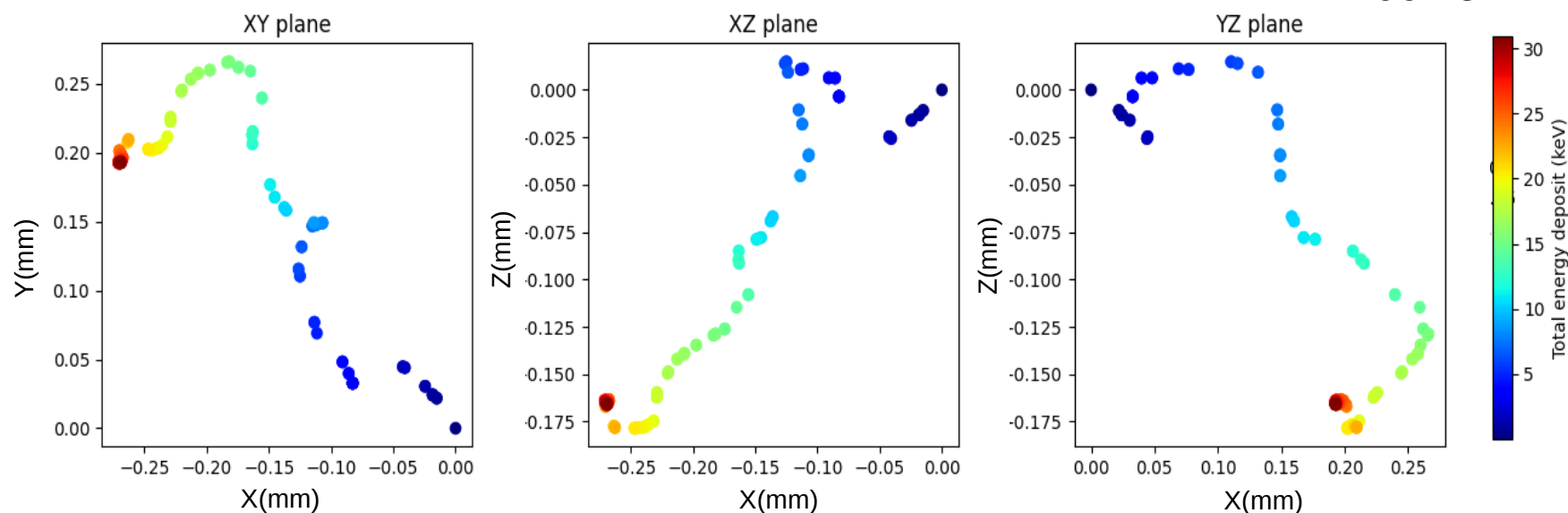
Charge Cloud Dynamics

- **Charge Drift Model:**
 - [Benoit & Hamel, 2009] diffusion and repulsion spherical model
- **Initial Radius:**
 - GATE photoelectron path simulation

Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800 μ m

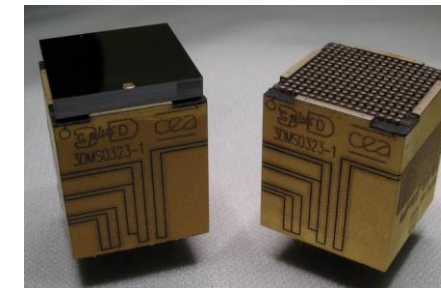


Cadtool

Charge Cloud Dynamics

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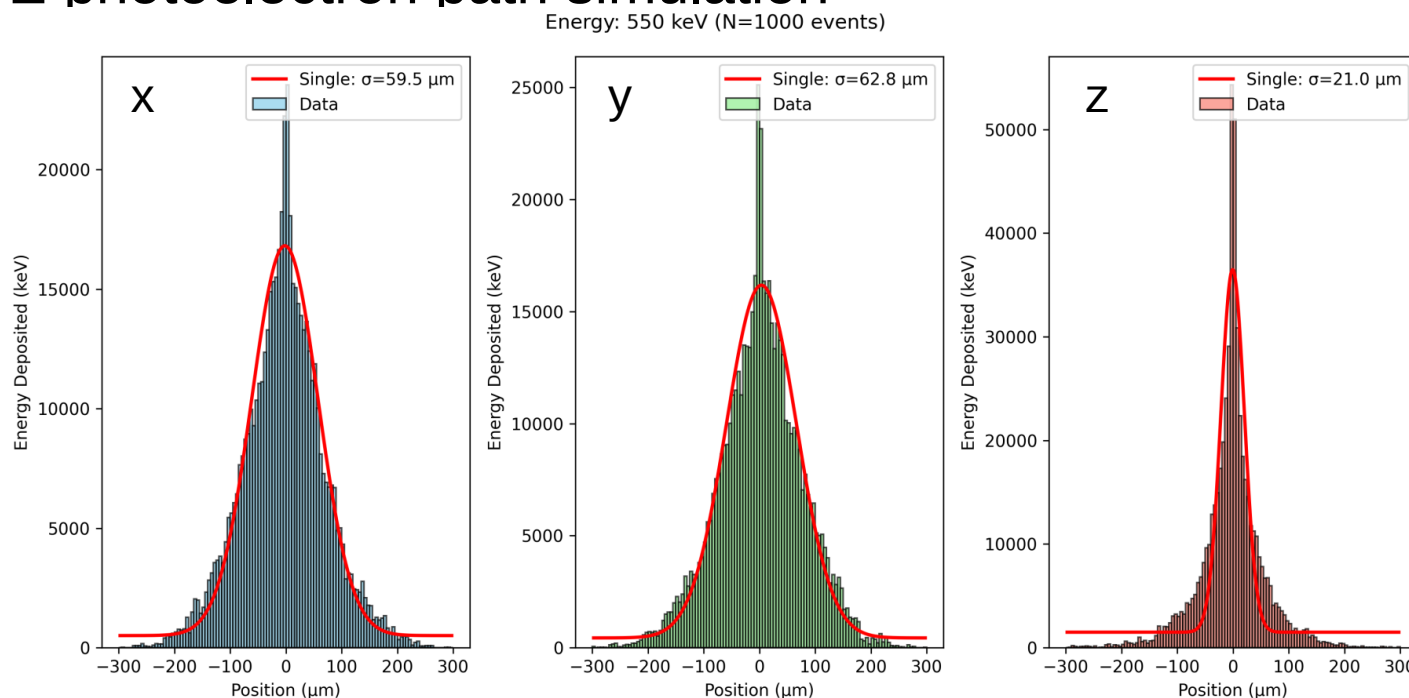
Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

$$D_0 = FWHM = 2.35\sigma$$

$$R_0 = \frac{avg(FWHM_{xyz})}{2}$$

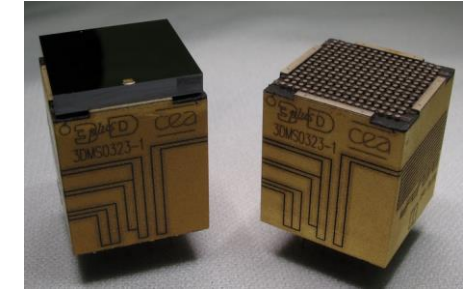


Cadtool

Charge Cloud Dynamics



Caliste-O

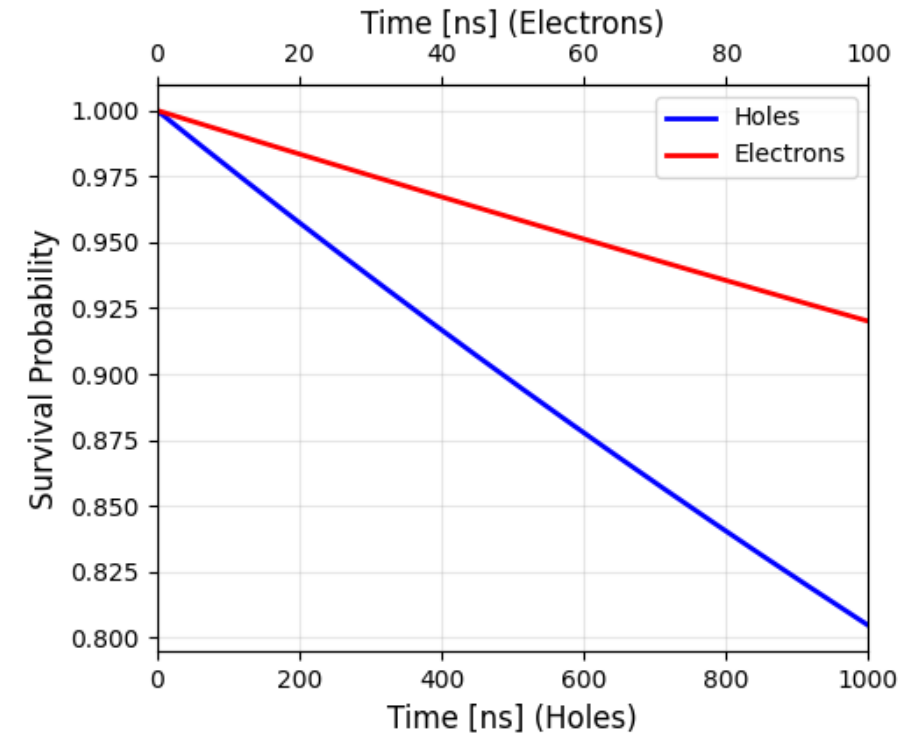


2mm CdTe pixel 800µm

- **Charge Drift Model:**
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- **Trapping:**
 - 0-1 random probability by time-step

$$N_e(t) = N_0 e^{\left(\frac{-t}{\tau_e}\right)}$$

$$N_h(t) = N_0 e^{\left(\frac{-t}{\tau_h}\right)}$$



$$\begin{aligned} E &= 300 \text{ Vmm}^{-1} \\ \mu_e &= 950 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} \\ \mu_h &= 73 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

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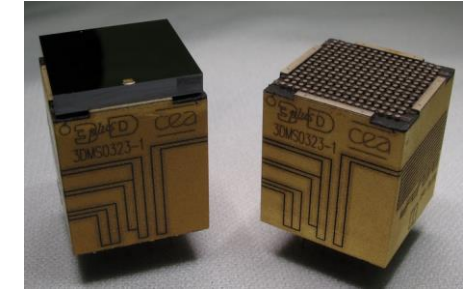
$$\epsilon_{\text{CdTe}} = 4.42 \text{ eV}$$

Cadtool

Charge Cloud Dynamics



Caliste-O

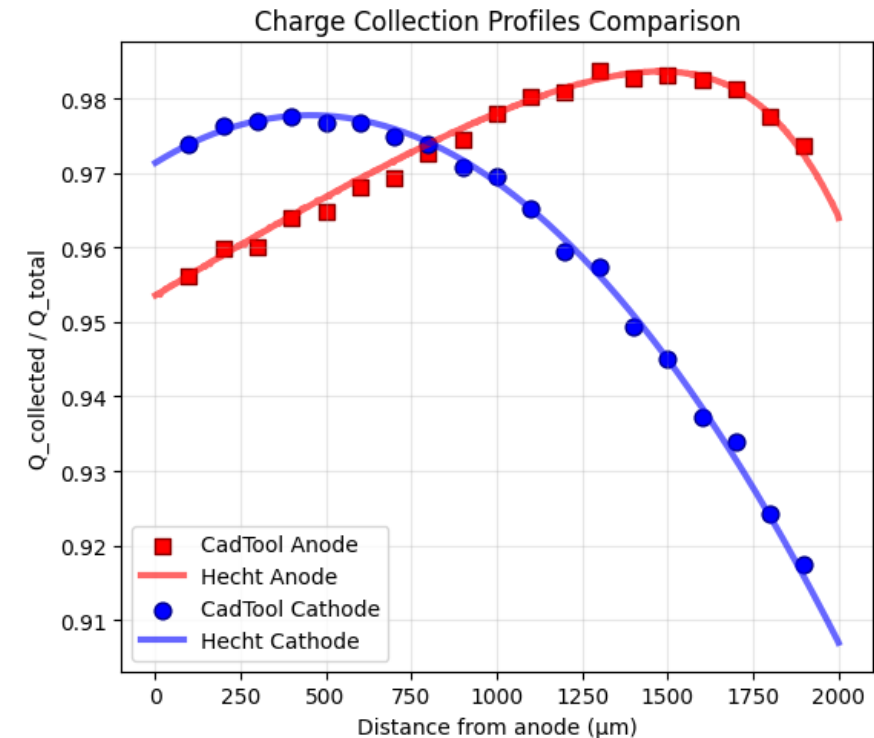


2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

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 - GATE photoelectron path simulation
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Sanity Check : Hecht relations

$$\frac{Q}{Q_{theory}} = \frac{V_0}{D^2} \left(\mu_e \tau_e \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t_e}{\tau_e}} \right) + \mu_h \tau_h \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t_h}{\tau_h}} \right) \right)$$



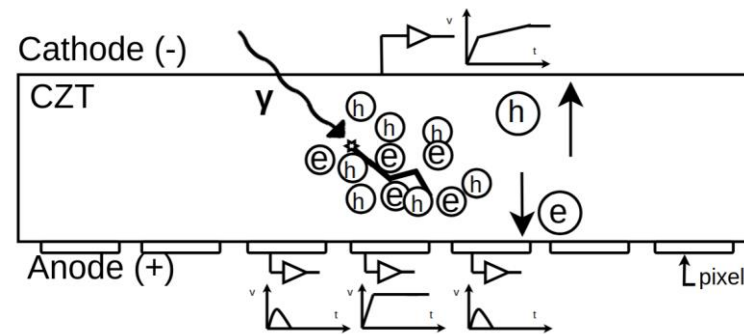
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Cadtool

Simulation Tool



Inputs

Detector Parameters

Material, Pixel/Strip, Bias, Mobility, Lifetime, Fano

Environment Geometry

Box, Passive material, collimator, etc

Source Configuration

Geometry, Energy, Intensity

Electronics

ENC, ADC range, Threshold

Detector Physics



Electric Field and Potential

Weighting Potential

Charge Drift

- Trapping
- Diffusion
- Repulsion

Event list generation

Photon-matter interaction



Electrode charge induced

Front-end & Back-end electronics

Outputs

Transient Signals

- Charge profile
- Current profile

Data analysis

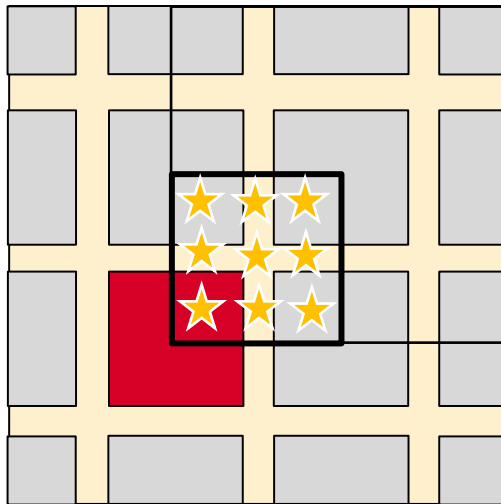
- images
- spectrum
- lightcurve
- response matrix

Cadtool

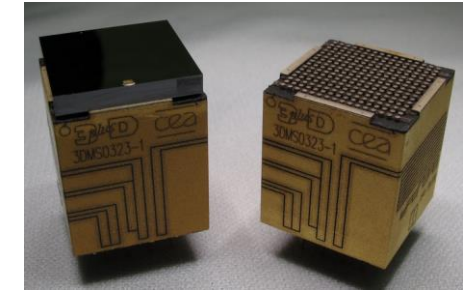
Charge Induced Efficiency

- **Charge Induced Efficiency (CIE):**
 - Create 3D mesh of section of detector
 - Drift charges for each point

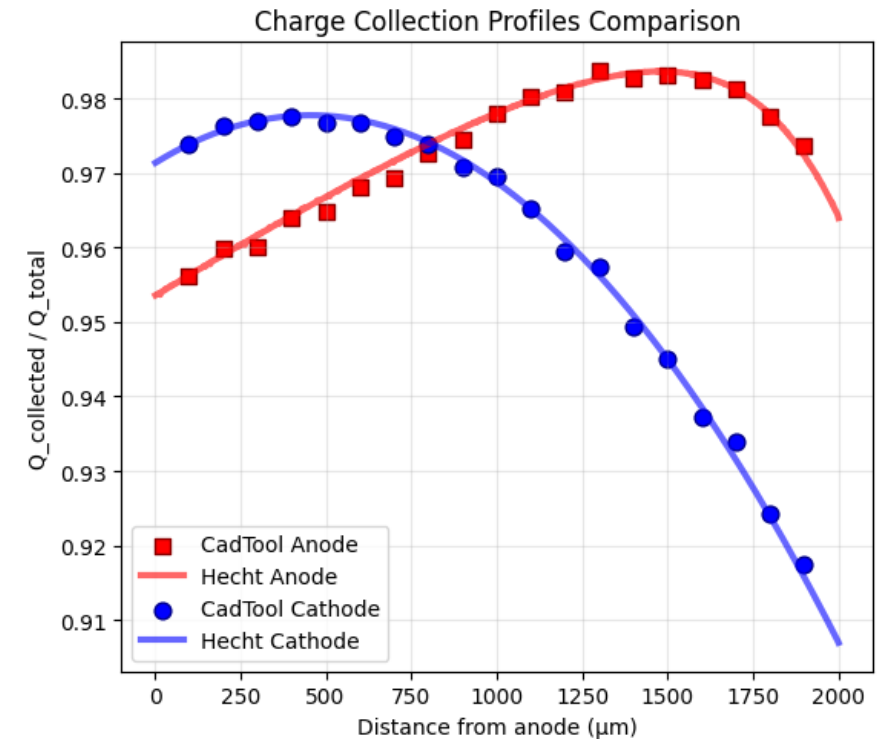
$$CIE_{xyz} = \frac{Q_{collected}}{Q_{initial}}$$



★ Event location



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm



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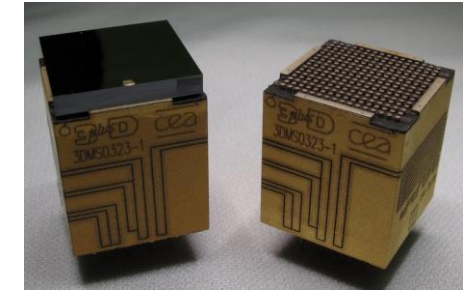
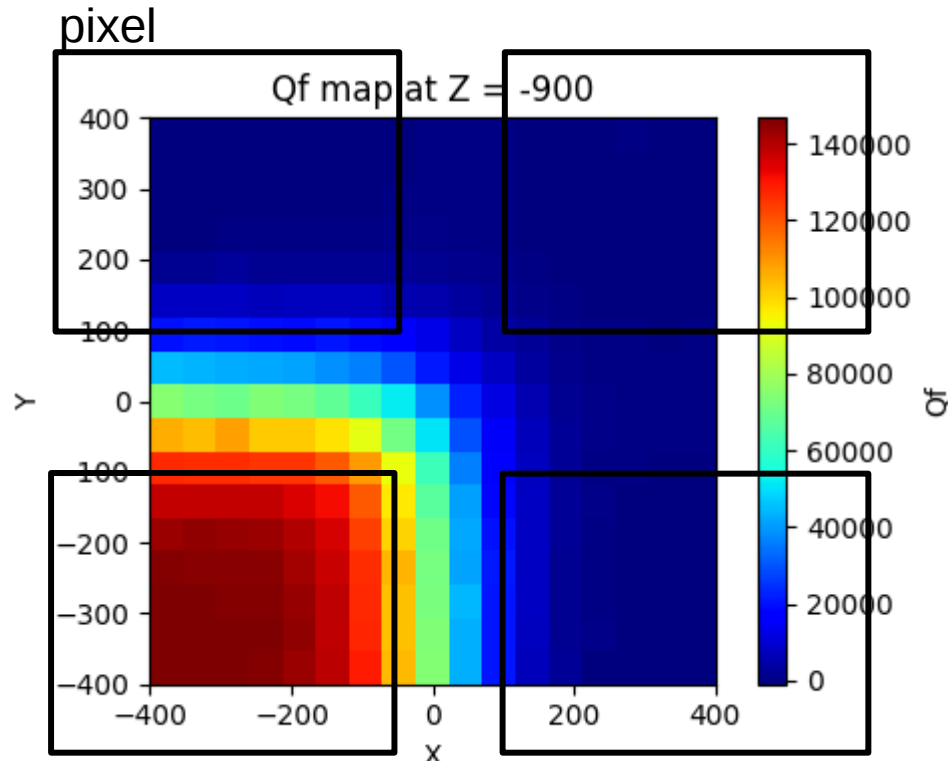
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Cadtool

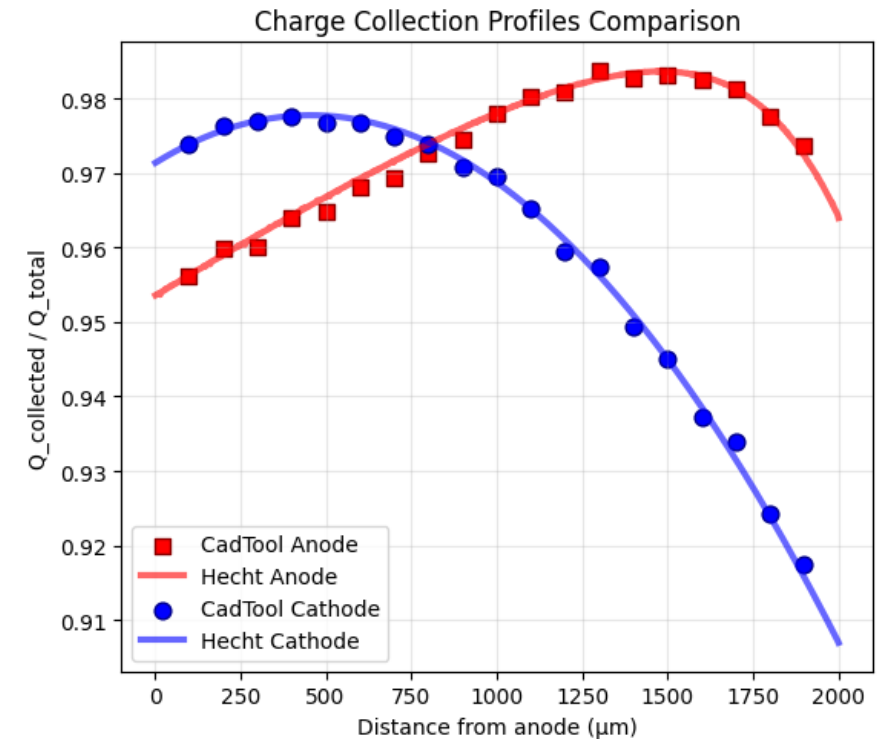
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2mm CdTe pixel 800μm



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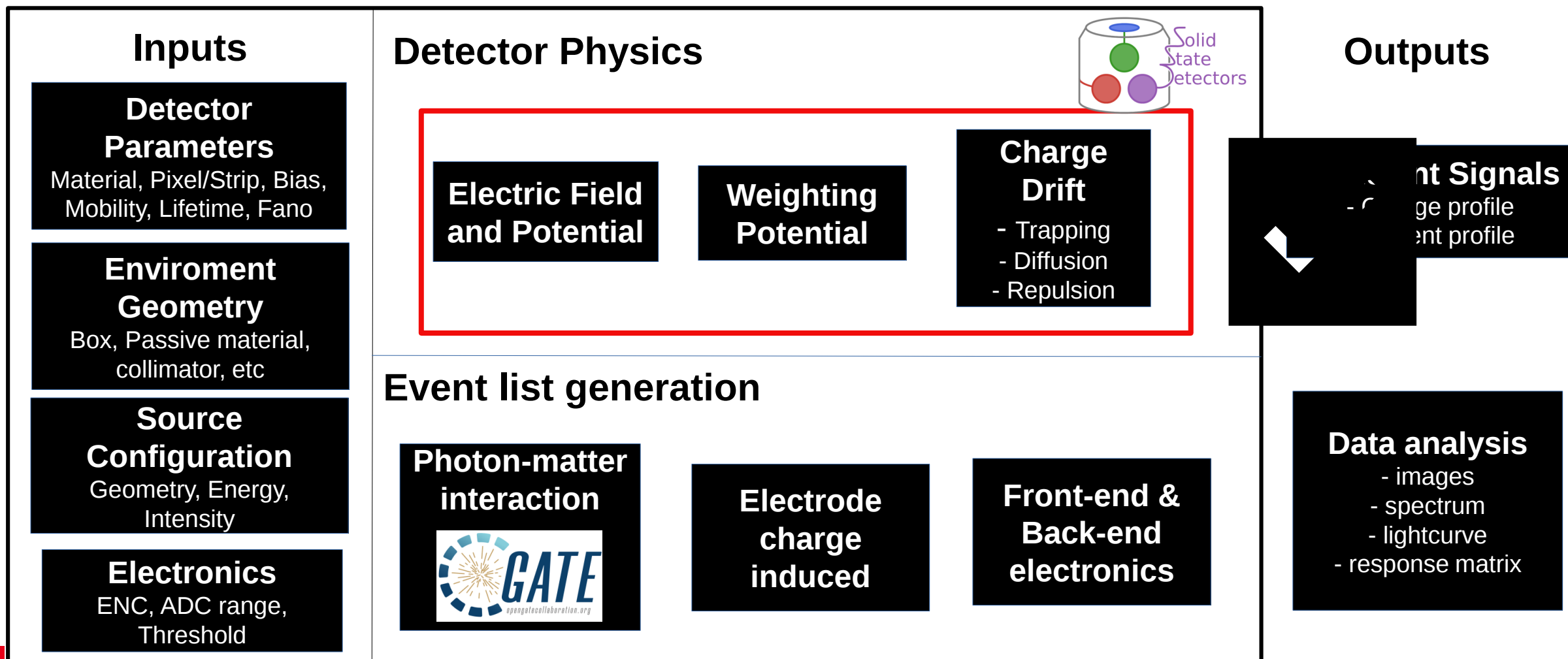
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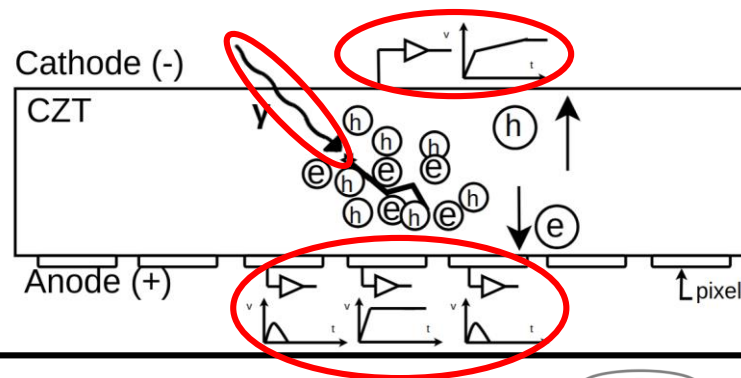
Cadtool

Simulation Tool Requirements



Cadtool

Simulation Tool Requirements



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Photon-matter interaction



Electrode charge induced

Front-end & Back-end electronics

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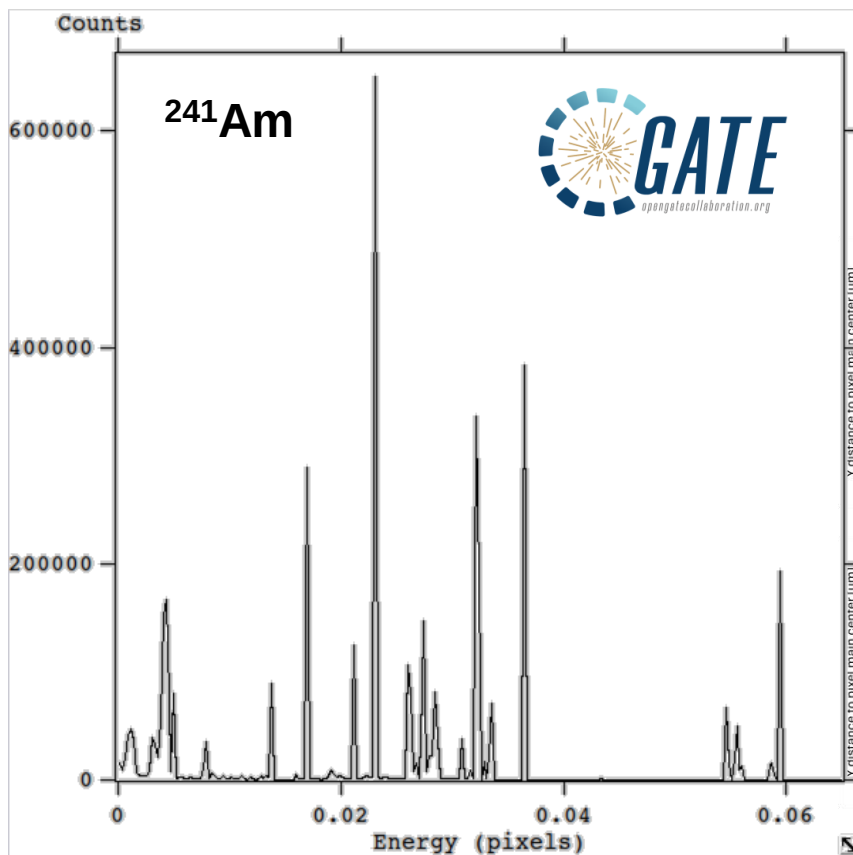
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- spectrum
- lightcurve
- response matrix

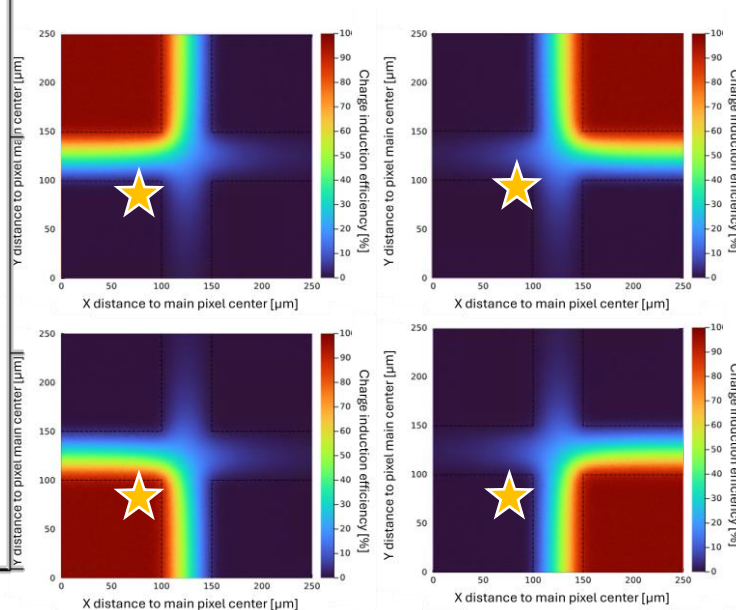
Cadtool

Event List Generation

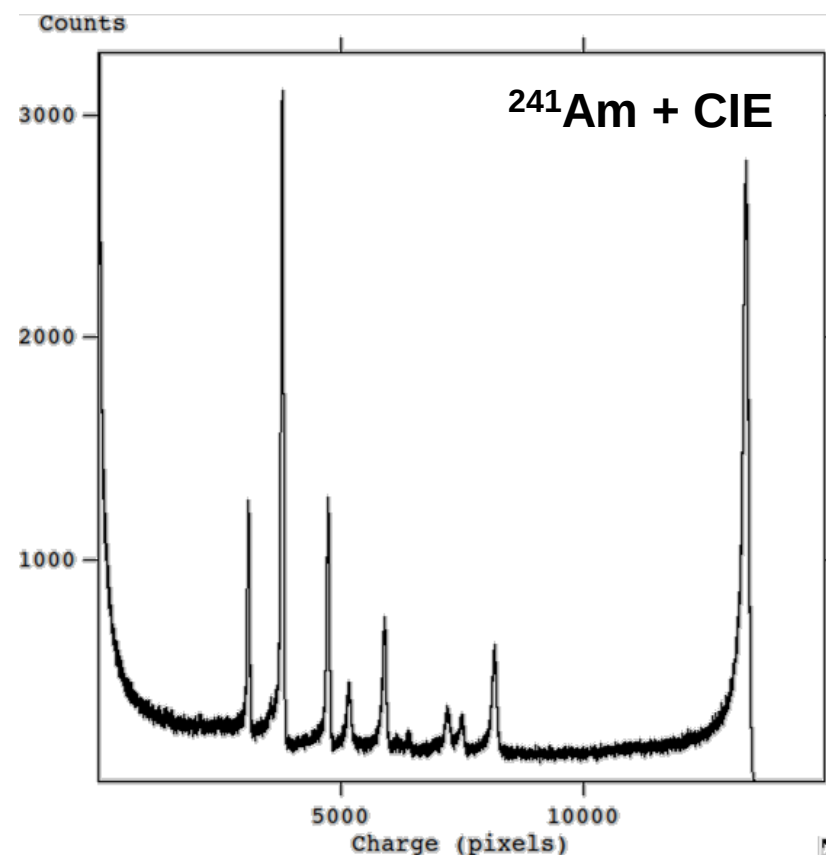
Source Configuration



Symmetric CIEs

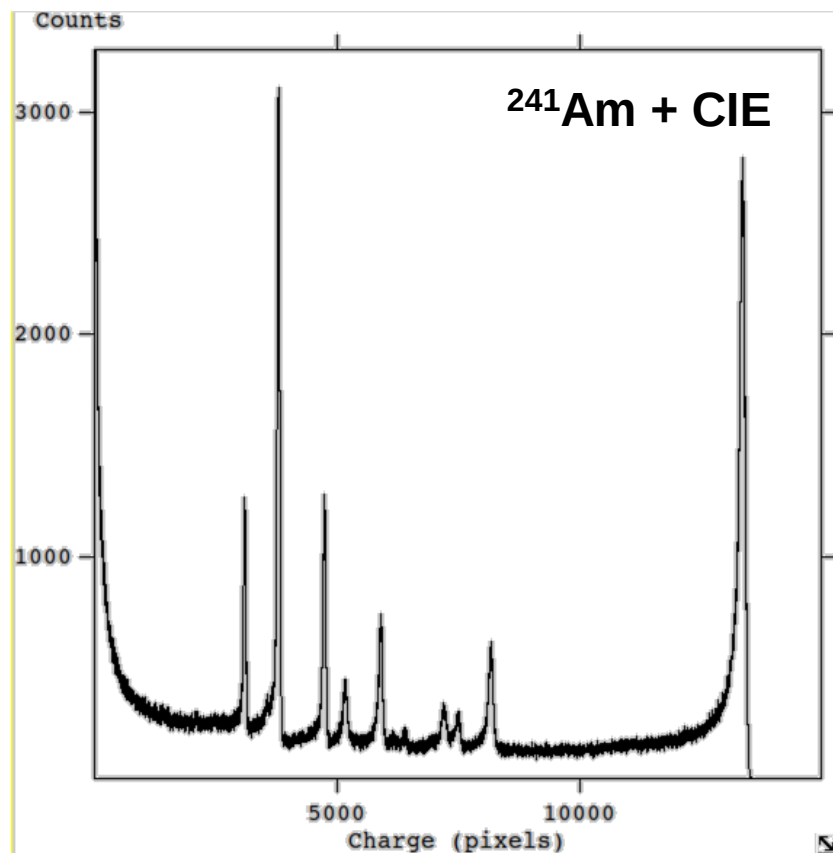


4 Multiplicity limit



Cadtool

Event List Generation



Electronic readout



Modular Configuration

Our use case

Front-end characteristics:

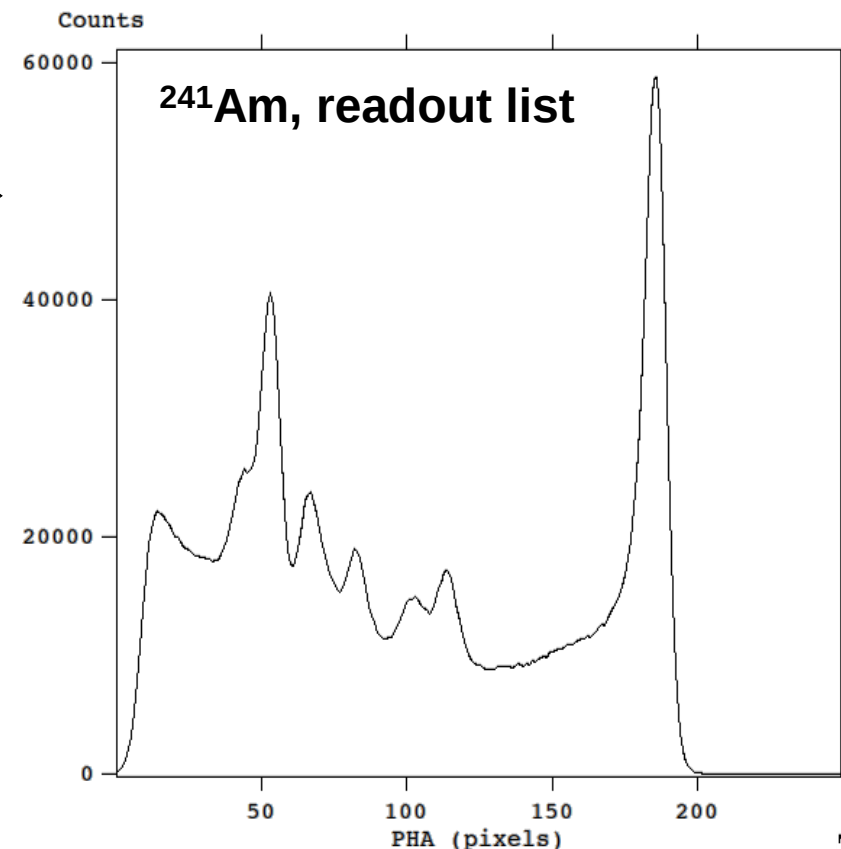
ADC, Threshold, filter
ENC, timing, deadtime

Back-end characteristics:

File format

Output a readout list

- 1 Time
- 2 List of electrode index
- 3 List of PHA (in ADU)



Cadtool

Simulation Tool Requirements



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Environment Geometry

Box, Passive material, collimator, etc

Source Configuration

Geometry, Energy, Intensity

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Event list generation

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Electrode charge induced

Front-end & Back-end electronics

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- Charge profile
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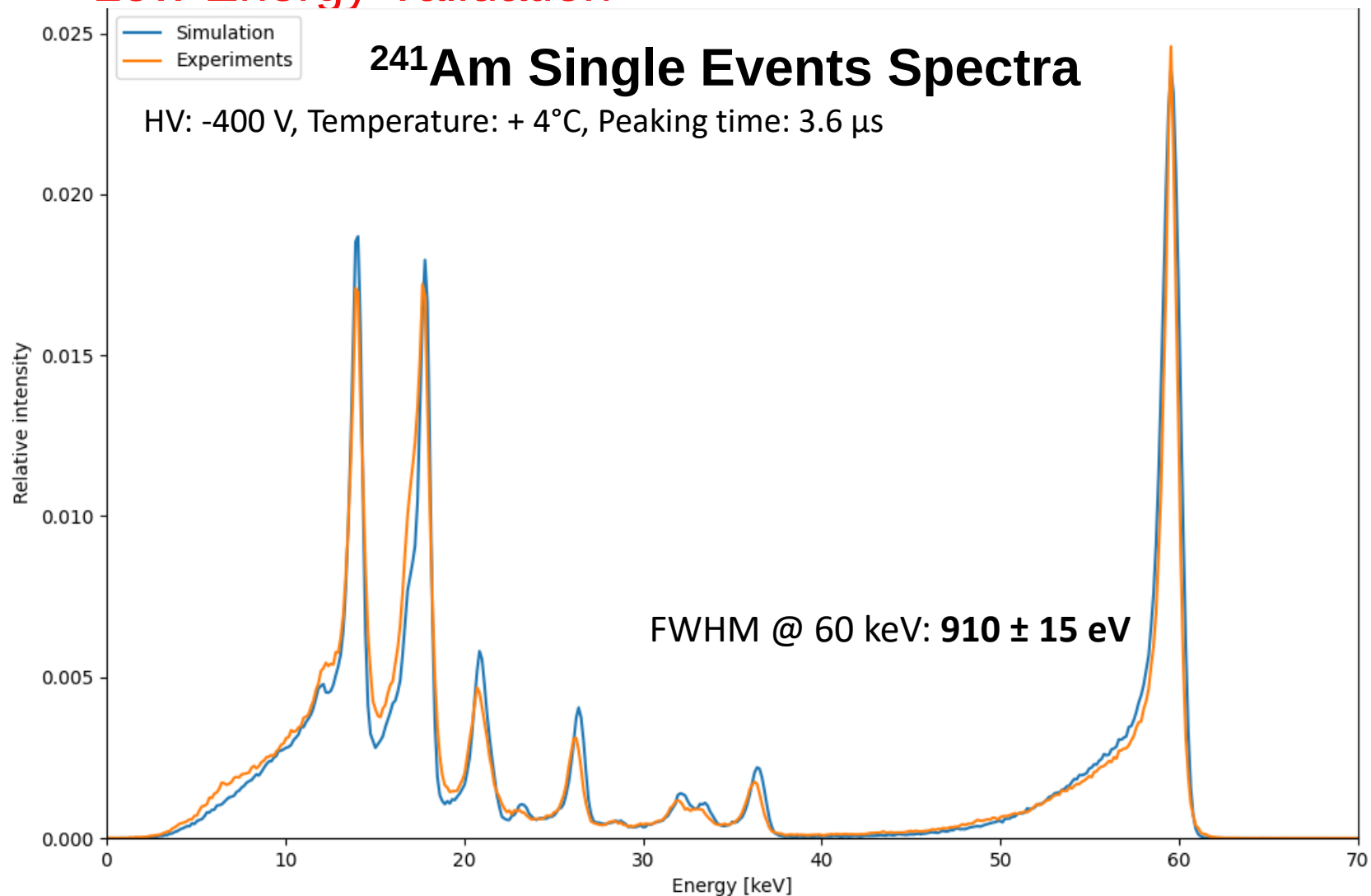
Analysis

- Simulation results
- Summary matrix

Cadtool

< 100 keV

Low Energy Validation



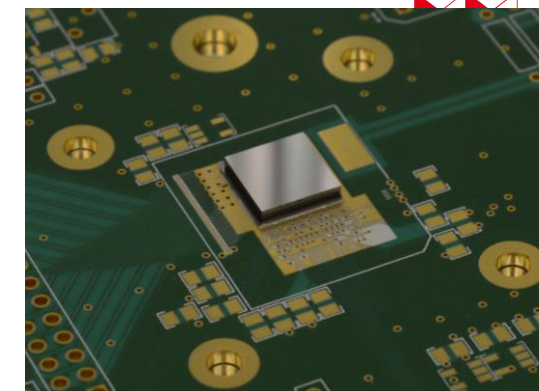
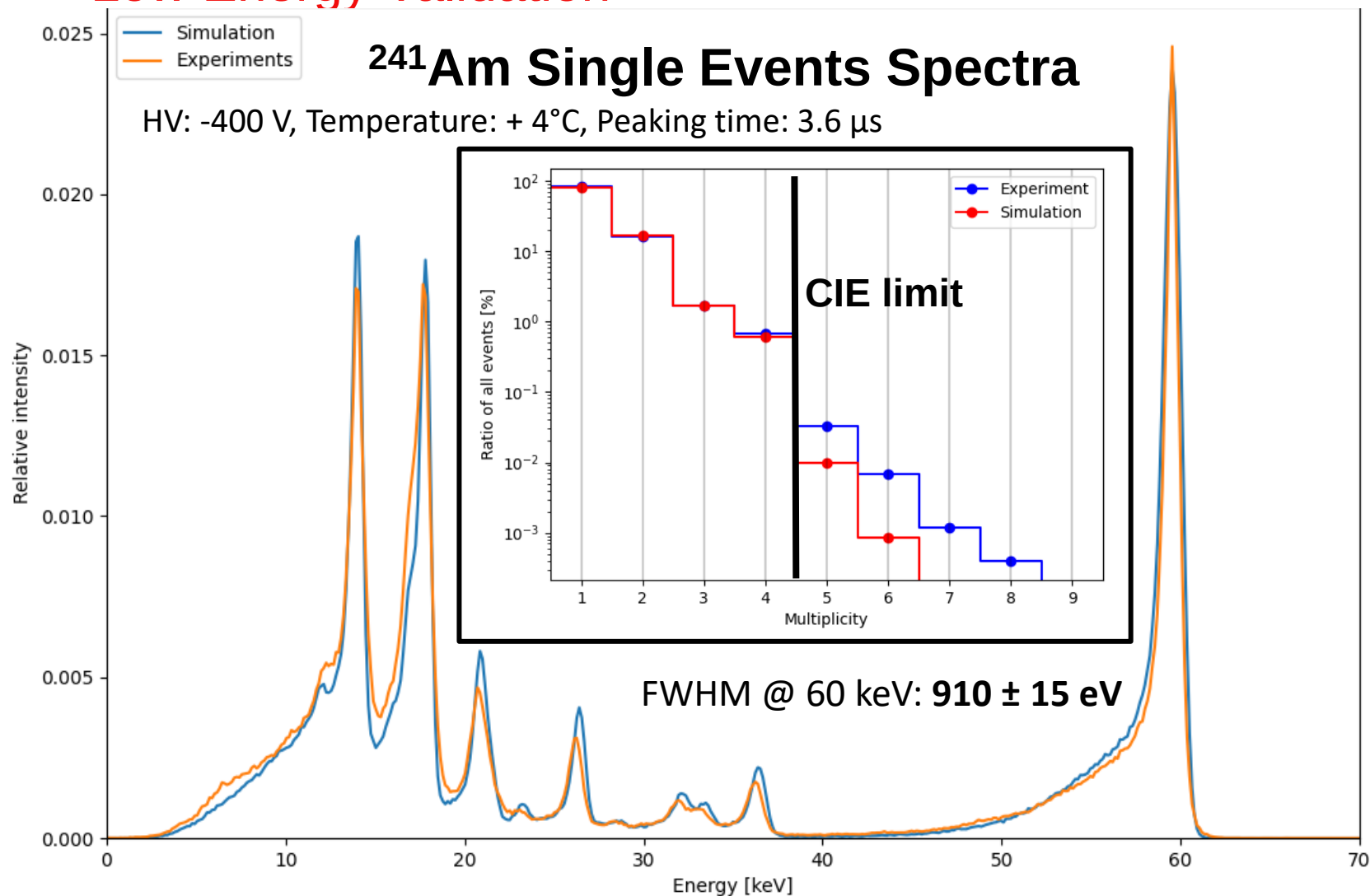
Mini-CdTe on Chip (MC²)-1K

32 x 32 pixels,
8 x 8 mm² sensitive area
1 mm-thick
Schottky-diode type CdTe
250 μm pixel pitch

Cadtool

< 100 keV

Low Energy Validation



Mini-CdTe on Chip (MC²)-1K

32 x 32 pixels,

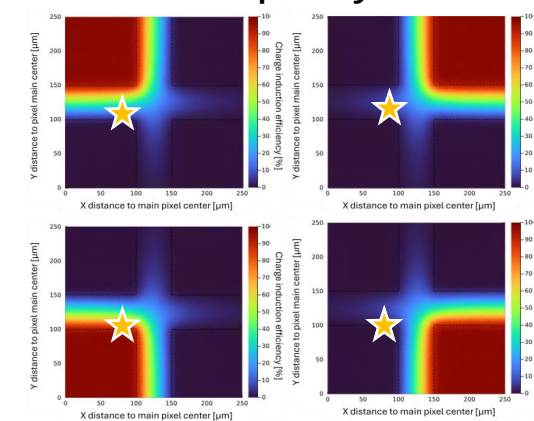
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1 mm-thick

Schottky-diode type CdTe

250 μm pixel pitch

4 Multiplicity limit



26/03/2026

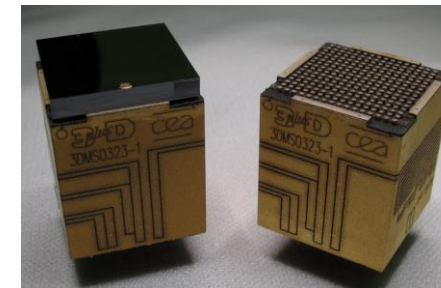
28

Cadtool

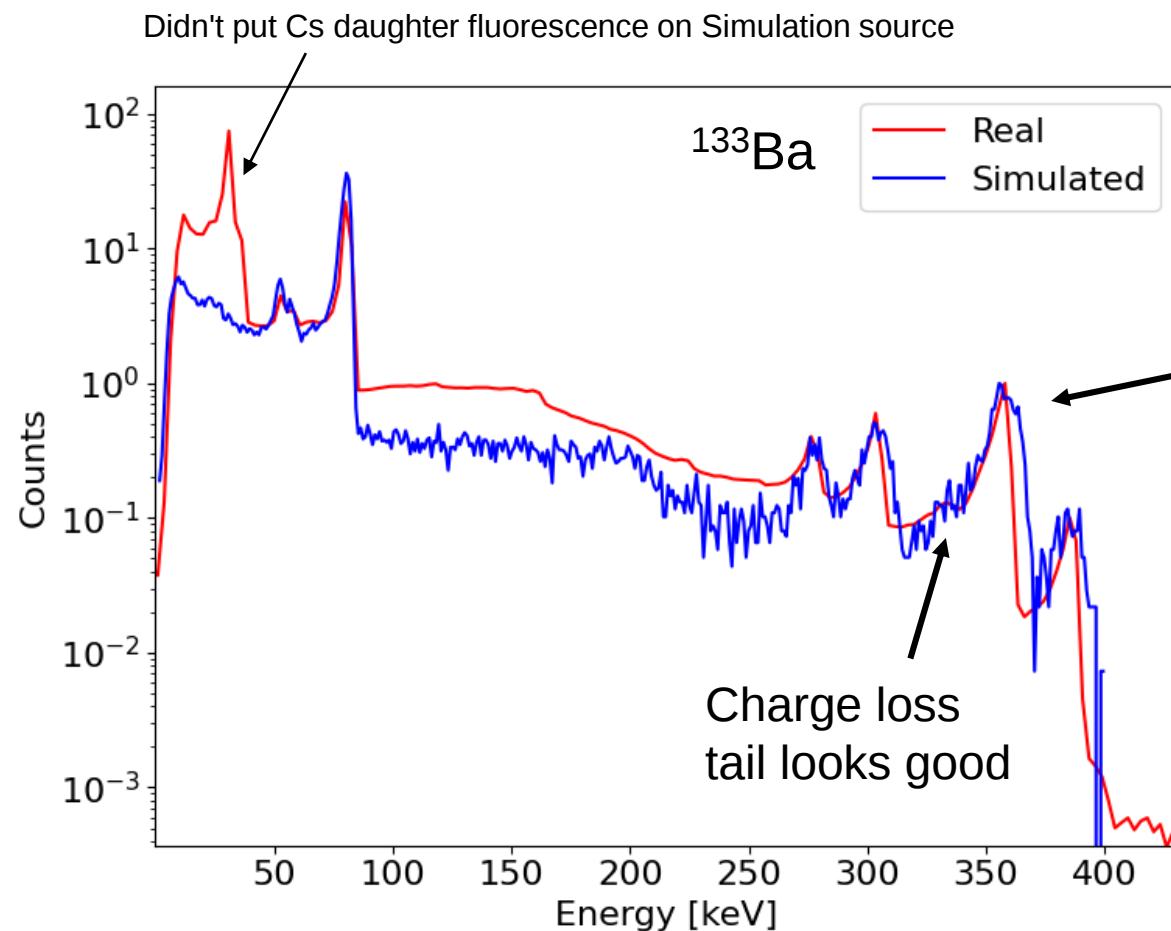
High Energy Validation

< 1 MeV

Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm



$$\begin{aligned}E &= 300 \text{ Vmm}^{-1} \\ \mu_e &= 950 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1} \\ \mu_h &= 73 \text{ cm}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}T &= 300 \text{ K} \\ \tau_e &= 1.2 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s} \\ \tau_h &= 4.6 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}\end{aligned}$$

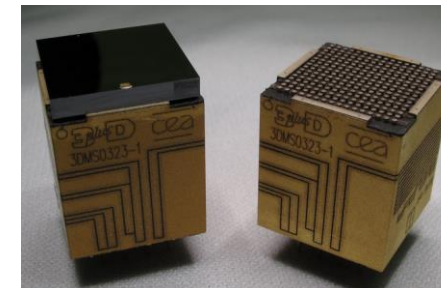
$$\epsilon_{\text{CdTe}} = 4.42 \text{ eV}$$

Cadtool

High Energy Validation

Work in progress

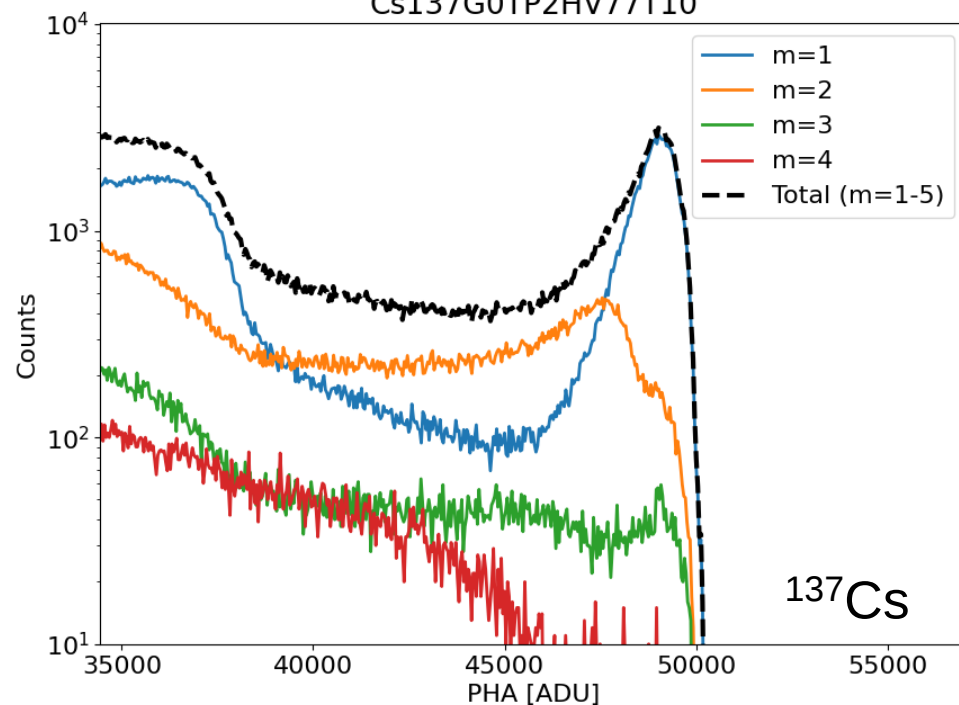
Caliste-O



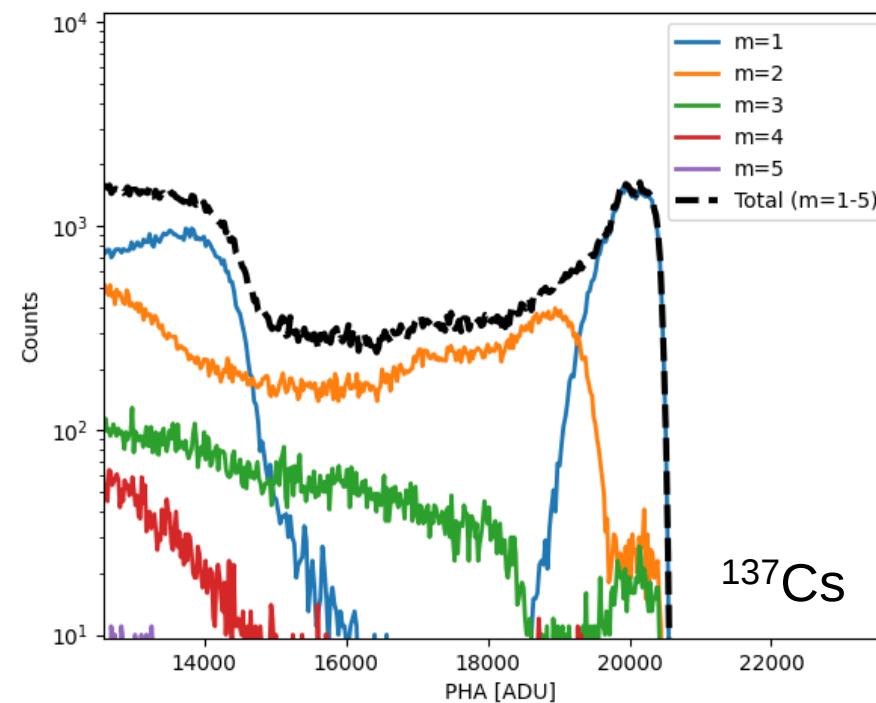
2mm CdTe pixel 800µm

Real Caliste-O data

Cs137G0TP2HV77T10



Simulated Caliste-O data



Cadtool

Simulation Tool Requirements



Examples

Inputs

Detector Parameters

Material, Pixel/Strip, Bias, Mobility, Lifetime, Fano

Environment Geometry

Box, Passive material, collimator, etc

Source Configuration

Geometry, Energy, Intensity

Electronics

ENC, ADC range, Threshold

Detector Physics

Electric Field and Potential

Weighting Potential

Charge Drift

- Trapping
- Diffusion
- Repulsion



Event list generation

Photon-matter interaction



Electrode charge induced

Front-end & Back-end electronics

Outputs

Transient Signals

- Charge profile
- Current profile

Data analysis

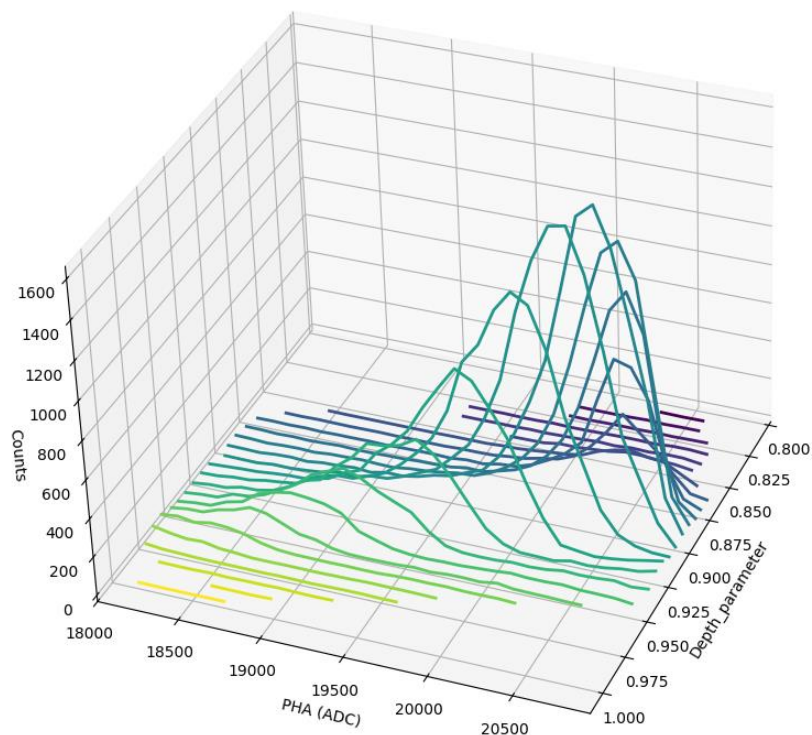
- images
- spectrum
- lightcurve
- response matrix

Cadtool

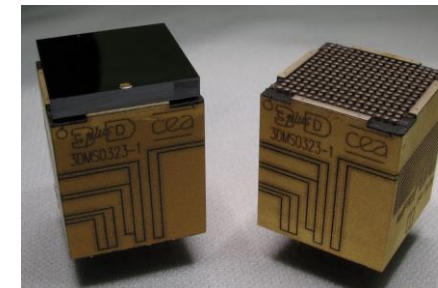
Possible use case, 3D compensation

$$doi = \frac{Q_{cathode}}{Q_{anode}} \propto D$$

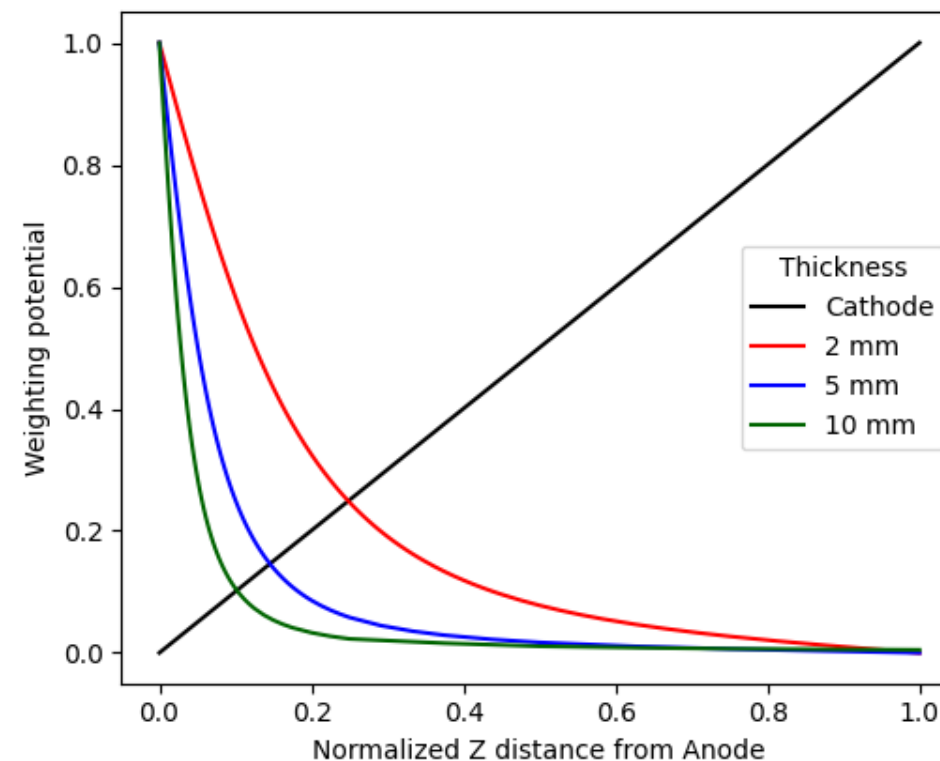
Specially when there is small pixel effect



Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800μm



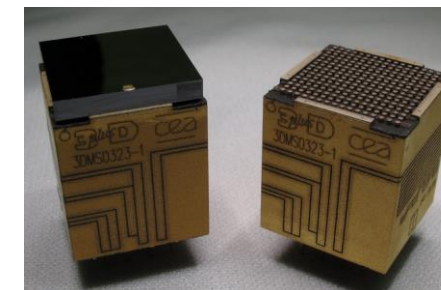
Cadtool

Possible use case, 3D compensation

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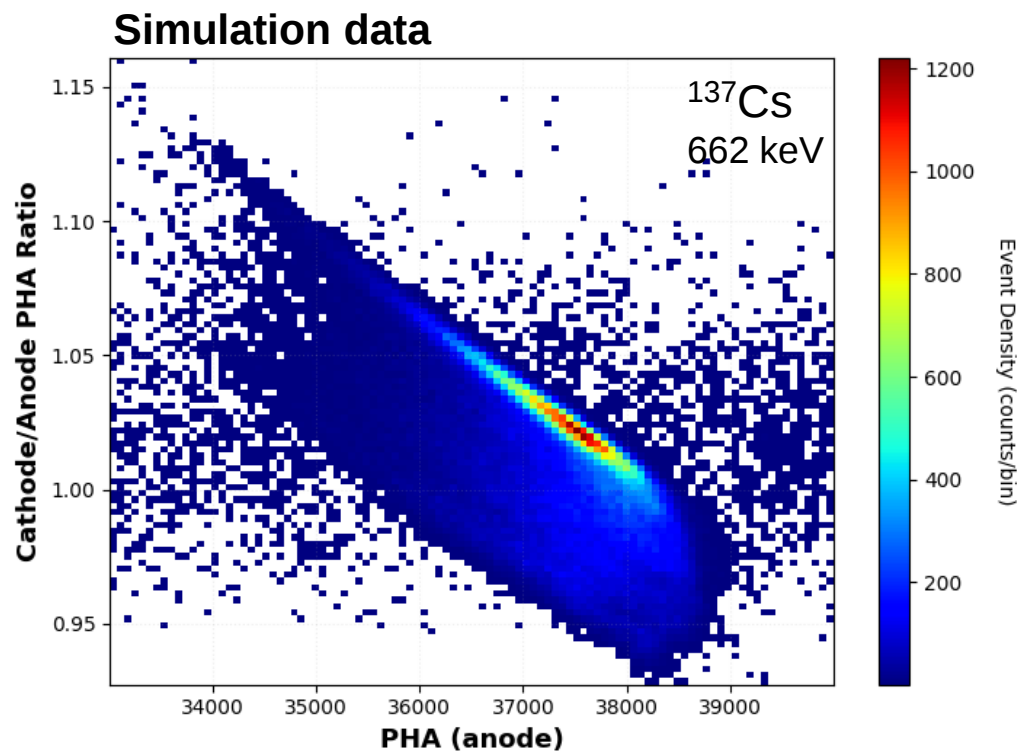
Specially when there is small pixel effect

Caliste-O

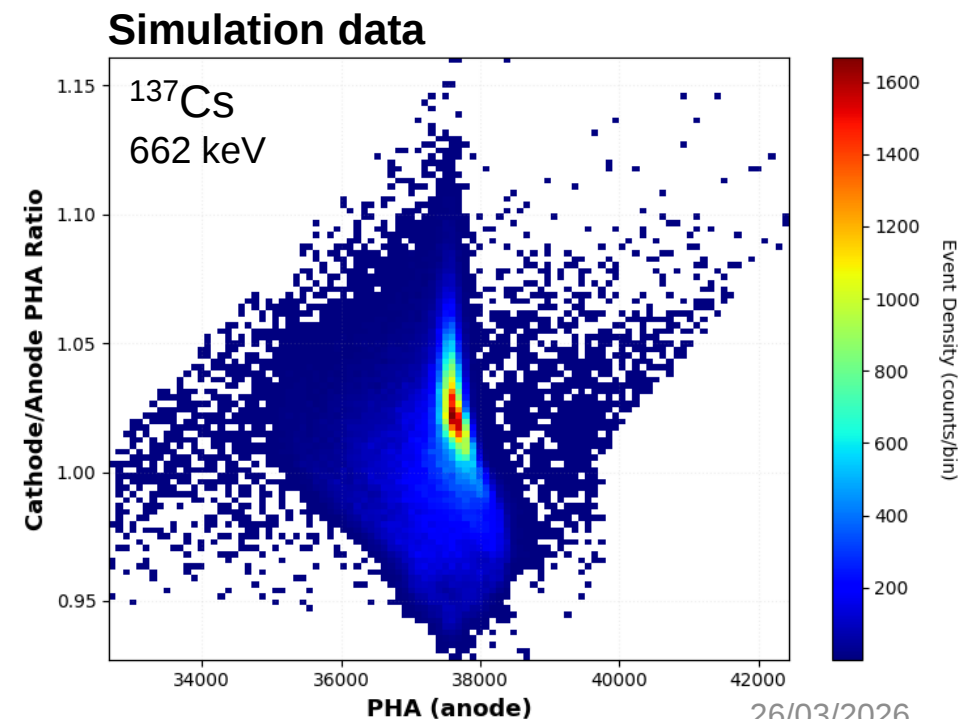


2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

Pre-Correction



After Correction



26/03/2026

33

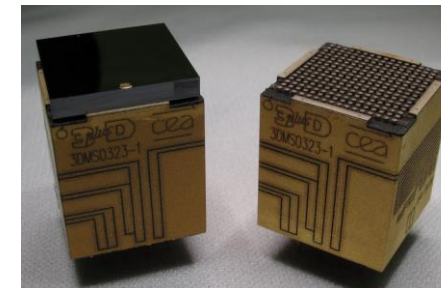
Cadtool

Possible use case, 3D compensation

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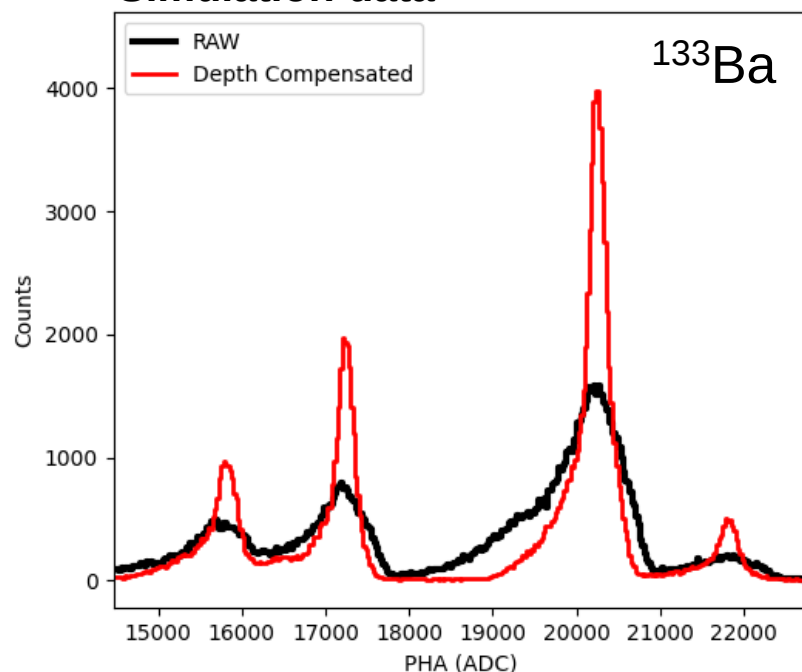
Specially when there is small pixel effect

Caliste-O



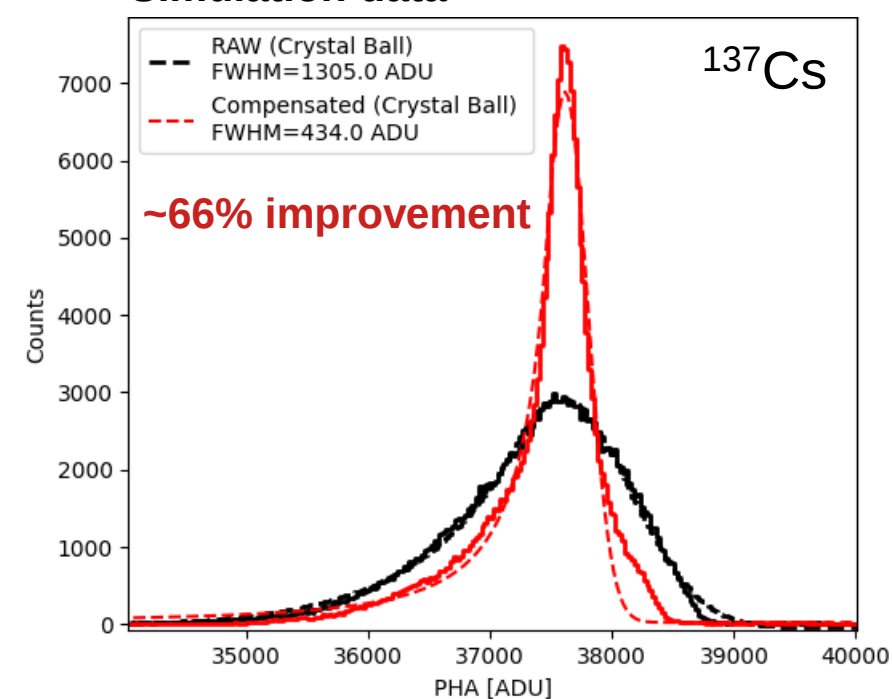
2mm CdTe pixel 800μm

Simulation data



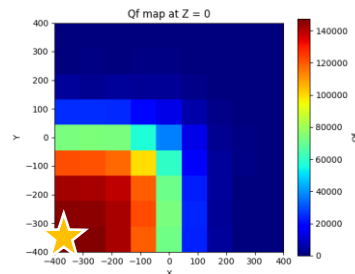
How much can we improve spectral response with cathode readout?

Simulation data



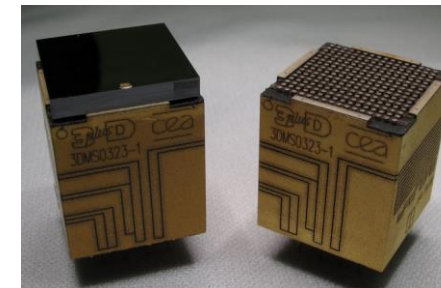
Cadtool

Transient Curves



Input for electronics
simulator
Cadence, SPICE

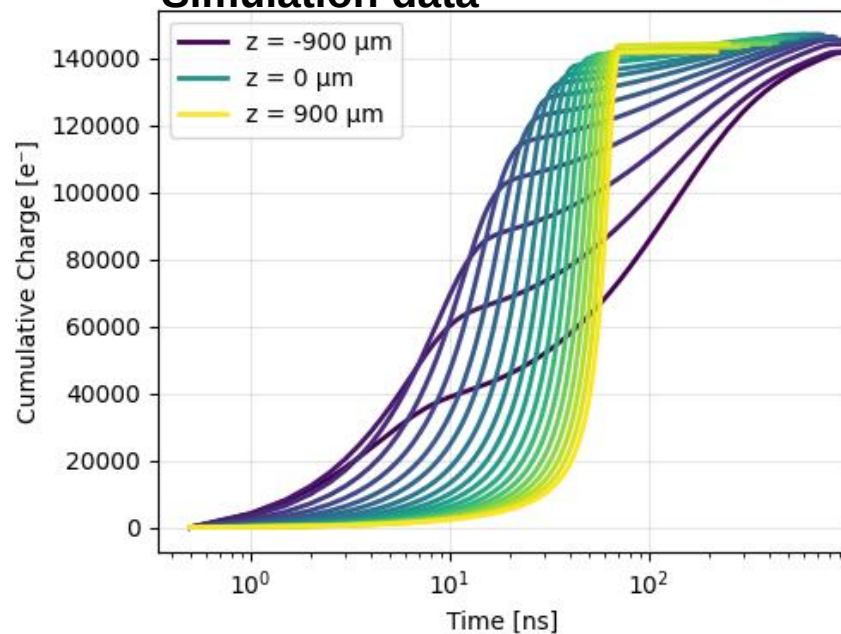
Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800 μ m

Main Pixel Charge Curve

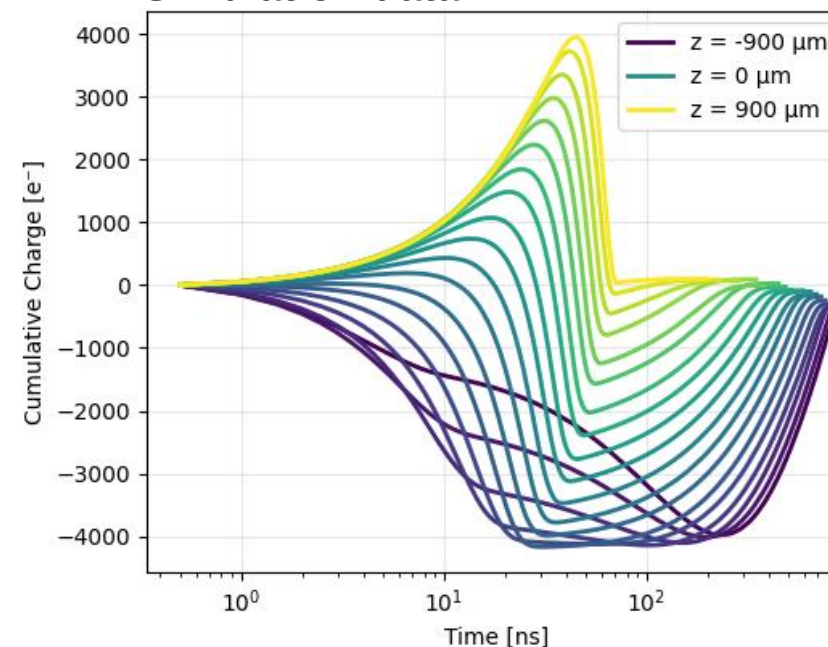
Simulation data



Can we use side
neighbor Max/Min
for 3D?

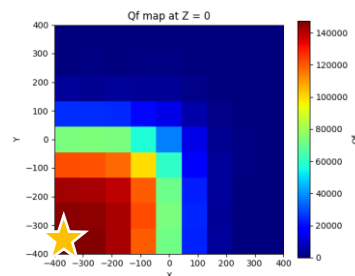
Side Neighbour Curve

Simulation data



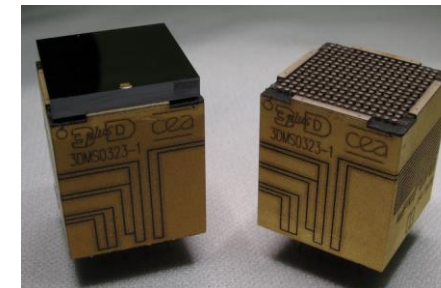
Cadtool

Transient Curves



Input for electronics
simulator
Cadence, SPICE

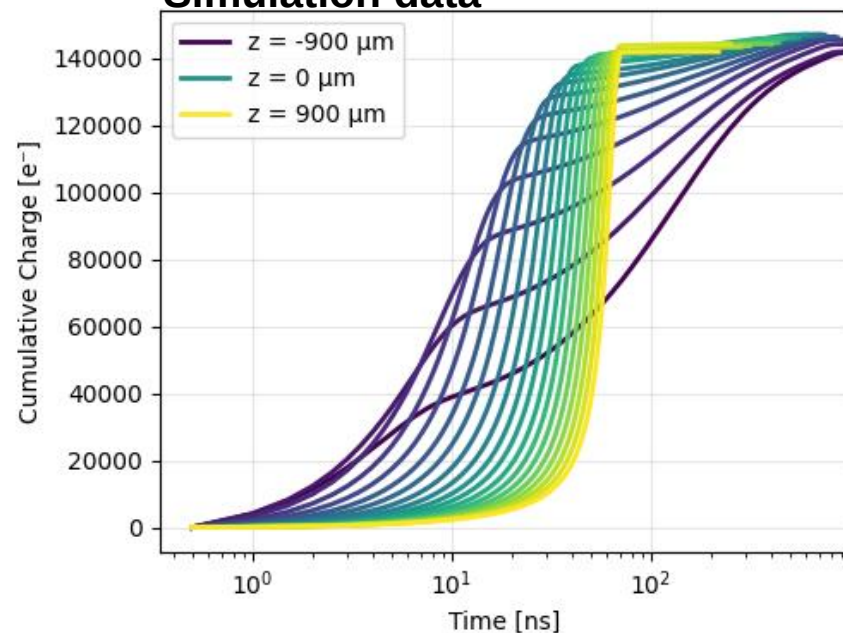
Caliste-O



2mm CdTe pixel 800 μ m

Main Pixel Charge Curve

Simulation data

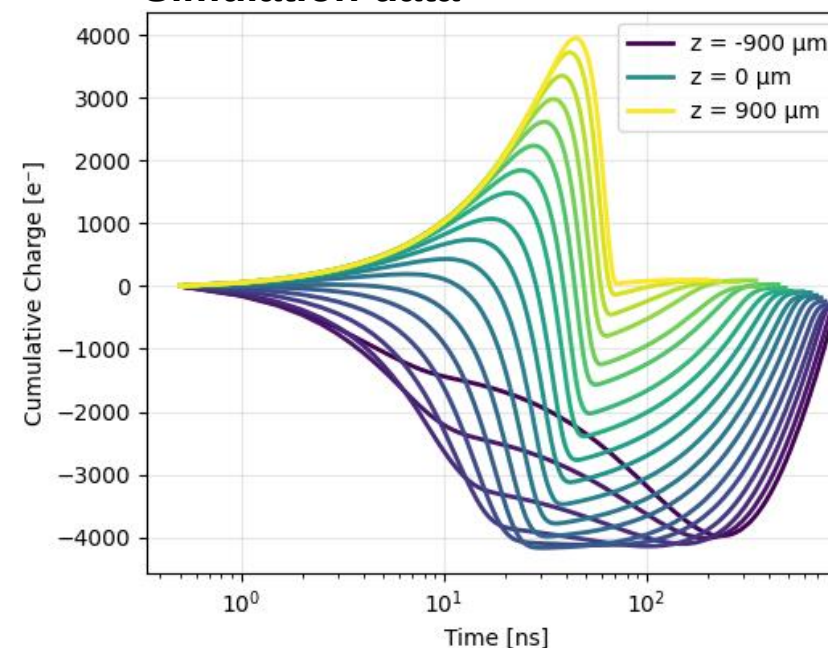


Can we use side
neighbour
Max/Min for 3D?

Which gives best
performance,
cathode or side
neighbour?

Side Neighbour Curve

Simulation data



Future Work

Development

Larger CIE area

Implement Elipsoidal Charge Cloud

Validation

High Energy multiplicity with Caliste-O CdTe (ongoing)

Cathode side spectra with readout on Caliste-O (ongoing)

Validate charge cloud model ESRF (LIP Coimbra - Timepix3) and SPRING8 data (IPMU Tokyo - Strip)

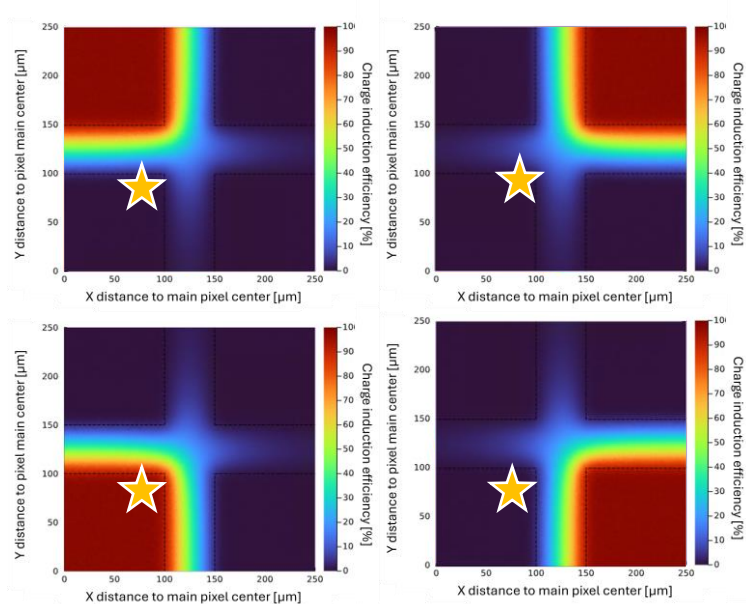
Transient curves with real 5mm CZT integrated with TIA – anode and cathode

Future Work

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4 Multiplicity limit

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High Energy multiplicity with Caliste-O CdTe (ongoing)

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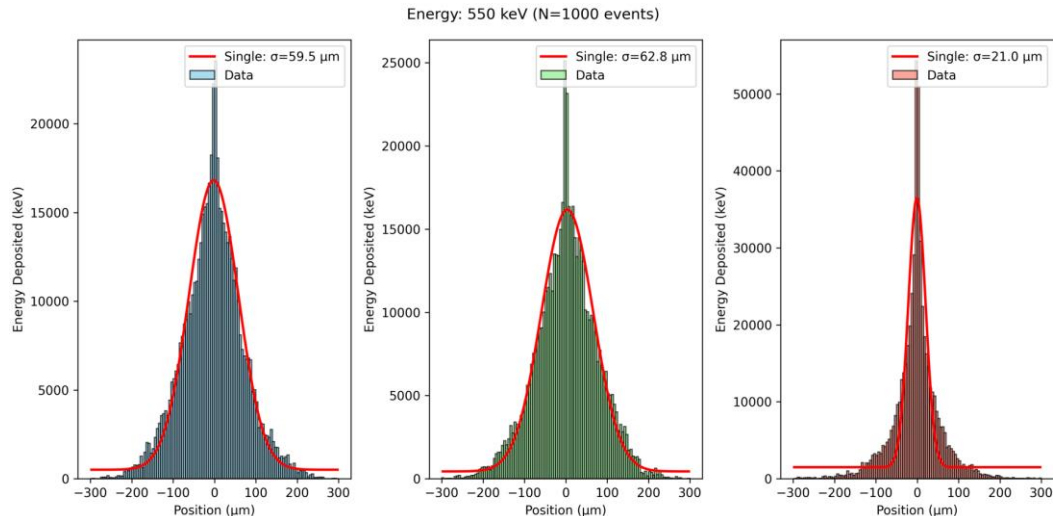
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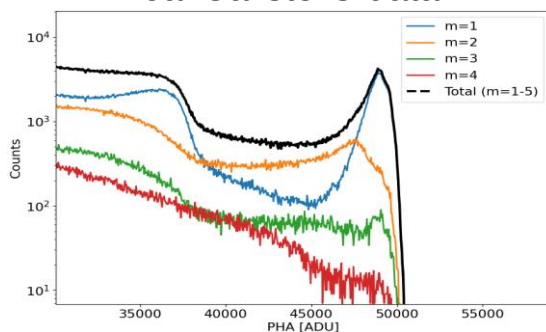
Future Work

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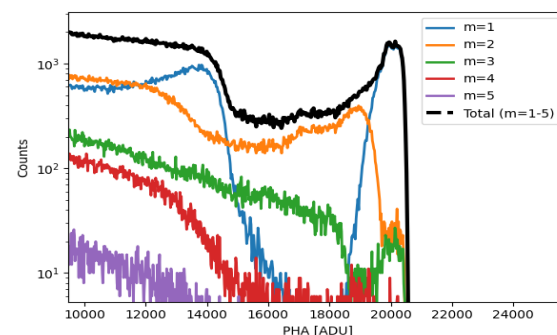
Larger CIE area

Implement Elipsoidal Charge Cloud

Real Caliste-O data



Simulated Caliste-O data



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High Energy multiplicity with Caliste-O CdTe
(ongoing)

Cathode side spectra with readout on Caliste-O
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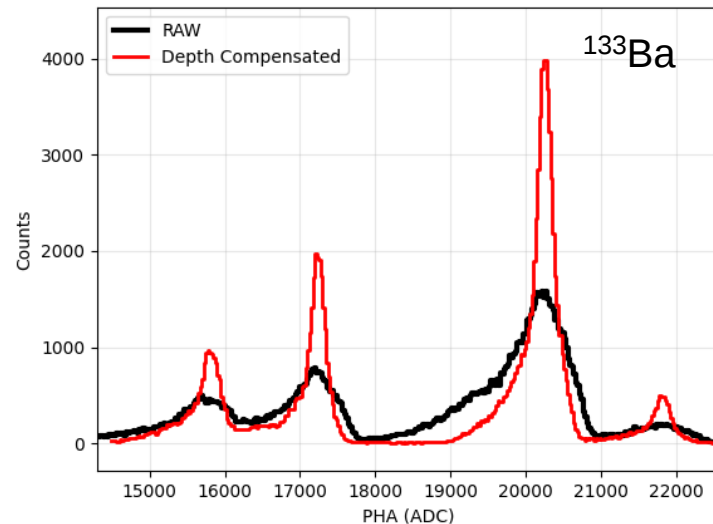
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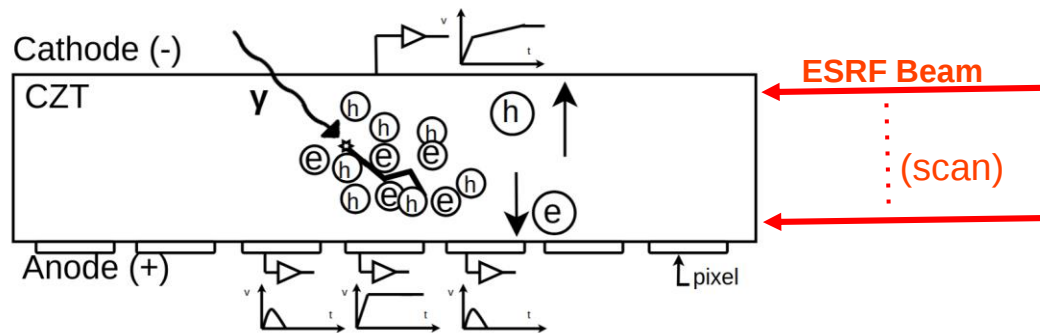
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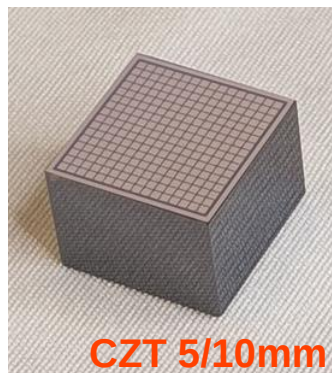
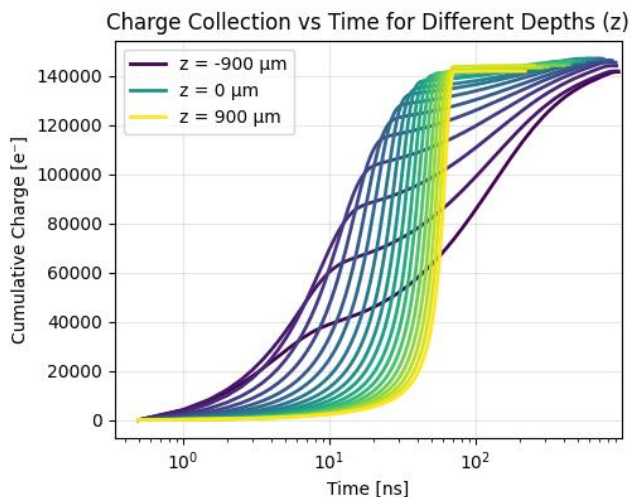
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Transient curves with real 5mm CZT integrated with TIA – anode and cathode

Future use of CadTool

My PhD

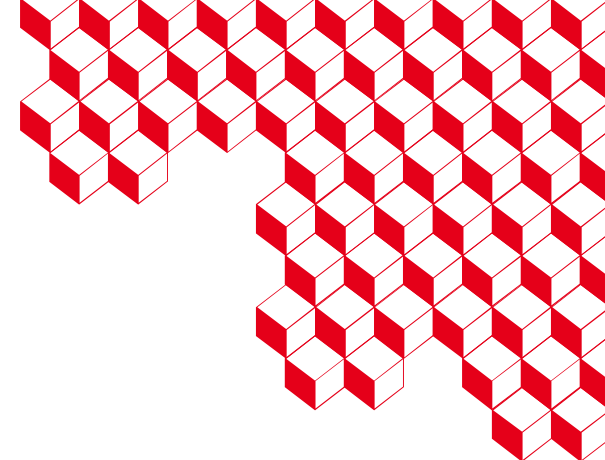
Thick CZT (10mm)
Cathode readout
3D sensing
Subpixel with transient signals

Detector Community

Public Release
3Q 2026

<https://github.com/hallaire/CadTool>





CadTool - a end-to-end x-ray/gamma-ray solid state detector simulation framework

J.F. Sousa¹, A. Meuris², D. Baudin³, H. Allaire^{2, 4}, O. Limousin², R. Le Breton³

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² Université Paris-Saclay, Université Paris Cité, CEA, CNRS, AIM

³ CEA IRFU, Université Paris Saclay

⁴ Kavli IPMU (WPI), UTIAS, The University of Tokyo





references

Benoit, M., & Hamel, L. A. (2009). Simulation of charge collection processes in semiconductor CdZnTe γ -ray detectors. Nuclear Instruments & Methods in Physics Research. Section A, Accelerators, Spectrometers, Detectors and Associated Equipment, 606(3), 508–516.

doi:10.1016/j.nima.2009.04.019

I. Abt et al., 'Simulation of semiconductor detectors in 3D with SolidStateDetectors.jl', J. Instrum., vol. 16, no. 08, p. P08007, Aug. 2021.

H. Allaire, PhD thesis, Université de Paris, 2023